



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1886.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 9 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the Local Boards in the district of Dacca specified below—

Local Board.	Name of thana for which elected.	Names of members.
Dacca	Keranigunge (including Lal Bagh and Tangi).	Baboo Rajendra Narayan Mitter.
	Sabhar ...	„ Raj Kumar Roy.
	...	„ Jadab Chandra Sen.
	...	„ Uma Prosad Biswas.
	...	„ Kali Das Chuckerbutty.
Naraingunge	Kupasya ...	„ Bhairab Chandra Chakerbutty.
	Nowabgunge .	Moulvie Abdul Aziz Khan.
	...	Baboo Jogendra Narayan Roy.
	Naraingunge ...	„ Koylash Chandra Nag.
	...	„ Kunja Lall Nag.
Naraingunge	Rupgunge ...	„ Sarat Chandra Gupta.
	...	„ Hridoy Kristo Roy Chowdhry.
	Raipura ...	„ Mothura Nath Dass.
	...	„ Kristo Gobind Pal Chowdhry.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed under section 11 of the Act to be members of the above Local Boards:—

Local Board.	Names of members.
Dacca ...	Chowdhry Abdul Masjid.
...	Munshy Fuzlur Rahman.
...	Baboo Kali Prosanna Ghosh.
...	Chowdhry Rahim Newaj.
Naraingunge ...	Moulvie Kamaruddin.
...	„ Abdul Ghafur.
...	Chowdhry Khowaz Buksh.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, to extend the provisions of the said Act to the Sherepore Municipality, in the district of Bogra, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 86 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Sonamukhi Municipality, in the district of Bankoora, made at a meeting, to sanction the levy by the Commissioners, under section 143 of the Act, of a fee not exceeding Rs. 3 per annum, or Rs. 2 for the half-year, on the registration, under section 142, of all carts which are kept or habitually used within that Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 85, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Chagdah Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, made at a meeting, to sanction the imposition within the Municipality of a tax upon persons occupying holdings in the Municipality according to their circumstances and property within the Municipality, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 23 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Messrs. W. H. Grimley and Algernon Watkins to be Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. John Beames and Dr. R. D. Murray, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th August 1886.—Whereas a notification, dated the 19th April last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm a bye-law framed by the Commissioners of the Comillah Municipality, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 108, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the bye-law in question, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Comillah Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the bye-law which is set forth below:—

Bye-law.

Any person who, in contravention of an order made under section 236 of the Municipal Act, shall make, renew, or repair with grass, leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials the external roof or walls of any hut or other buildings, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, and the Commissioners shall have power to order to be demolished any such hut or building.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 22, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, Moulvie Fakiruddin has been re-elected to be a Commissioner for Ward No. V of the Gya Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 22, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, Baboo Jadab Chandra Sarkar has been re-elected to be a Commissioner for Ward No. I of the Goalundo Municipality, in the district of Furreedpore.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1886.—Mr. H. E. Ransom, Assistant Magistrate, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Rungpore District Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Shama Koomud Mookerjee, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th August 1886.—Coomar Girindra Narayun Deb, Assistant Magistrate, is appointed to be a member of the Dinagepore District Road Committee. He is also appointed temporarily to be Vice-Chairman of the Committee, *vice* Mr. H. P. Peterson, on deputation.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th August 1886.—Mr. J. J. Mackay is appointed to be a member of the Rungpore District Road Committee.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1886.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th August 1886.—The following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Burhee, in the district of Hazareebagh :—

Baboo Ram Prosad Lal.
„ Shew Sahoy Lal.

Baboo Baij Nath Sahoy.
Moonshi Muksood Ali.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B. C.) of 1884, Baboo Jogesh Chandra Sirkar has been elected a Commissioner for Ward No. II of the Burdwan Municipality, *vice* Baboo Indra Nath Banerjee, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by section 86 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Jehanabad Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, made at a meeting, to sanction the levy by the Commissioners, under section 143 of the Act, of a fee not exceeding Rs. 4 per annum, or Rs. 2 for the half-year, on the registration, under section 142, of all carts which are kept or habitually used within that Municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboos Behari Lal Banerjee and Bidhu Bhuson Mookerjee to be Commissioners of the Culna Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Lala Sakdeo Nundi, deceased, and Baboo Talmohan Bidyanidhi, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 6, Act I (B.C.) of 1885, the Lieutenant-Governor declares the ferry at Goge, at the junction of the rivers Mogra and Shaiduli, in the Netrokona sub-division, in the district of Mymensingh, to be a public ferry.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Rajendro Nath Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to be a Commissioner of the Julpigoree Municipality, *vice* Baboo Madhab Chunder Roy.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that an election will be held under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, on the 25th September 1886, in Ward No. I of the Naihati Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, for the purpose of filling the vacancy caused in that Ward by Baboo Pree Nath Ghose having ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to approve the election by the Commissioners of the Howrah Municipality, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, of Dr. J. G. Pilcher to be their Chairman.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF MYMENSINGH.

The 24th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Mymensingh have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF DACCA.

The 24th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Dacca have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF PUBNA.

The 24th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Pubna have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF DARJEELING.

The 24th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Darjeeling have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and on the annual net profits from mines, quarries, and railways, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th August 1886.—Moulvie Fuzla Rahim is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Branch Road Committee of Bhola, in the Backergunge district, *vice* Munshi Mushraffali who has left the district.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1886.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—The following revised rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision are published for general information in supersession of the Dispensary Manual issued in September 1881.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVISED DISPENSARY MANUAL. PRELIMINARY.

In these rules—

- (a) "Local authority" means any body of persons for the time being invested by law with the control and administration of any matters within a specified local area.
- (b) "Local fund" means any fund under the control or management of a local authority.

CLASSIFICATION.

RULE 1.—Hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision shall be divided into the following classes :—

CLASS I.—*State hospitals and dispensaries*, including all institutions maintained by Provincial Funds and under Government management. (The fact that an institution is possessed of endowments, or receives contribution from local funds or private subscriptions, does not remove it from this category so long as Provincial Funds are practically responsible for all the charges connected with it.)

CLASS II.—*Local Fund institutions*, including all institutions which are placed under the control and administration of local authorities, or guaranteed or maintained by local funds. (The fact that such an institution is aided by private subscriptions, or receives assistance from Government in the shape of part of the salary of the medical officer, grants of medicine, or otherwise, does not remove it from this category so long as its existence is practically dependent upon local funds.)

CLASS III.—*Private institutions*. This class is subdivided into—

- (A)—Institutions maintained entirely at the cost of private individuals or associations or from private endowments. (The fact that Government supplies superior inspection or registers does not remove an institution from this category.)
- (B)—Institutions supported by private subscriptions or endowments, but receiving aid from Government or local funds.

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH GOVERNMENT AID AND SUPERVISION WILL BE GIVEN.

RULE 2.—No hospital or dispensary shall be established in Class I, and no aid shall be granted from Provincial revenues to any hospital or dispensary in Class II or Class III, without the previous sanction of Government. No hospital or dispensary shall be established in or removed from Class II, or transferred to this class from Class III, without the previous sanction of the Commissioner. No private institution shall be brought into Class III, or receive supervision or aid from Government, except with the sanction of the Commissioner, and in accordance with these rules. No private institution not included in Class III shall receive aid from Government or local funds. Any institution in Class III may be withdrawn therefrom at any time at the option of the owners or supporters, but shall, on being so withdrawn, cease to receive supervision or aid from Government or local funds.

RULE 3.—Applications for the sanction of the Commissioner under Rule 2 in respect of any hospital or dispensary shall be submitted through the Magistrate of the district concerned. On receipt of such an application, it shall rest with the Commissioner to accept, modify, or reject the proposals which it contains, and to pass such other order as he shall think fit. The Lieutenant-Governor reserves the right to withdraw his sanction, supervision, or aid in the event of a dispensary not continuing to serve adequately the purposes of a *bond fide* public charity, or if its continuance appears otherwise undesirable.

RULE 4.—A guarantee bond, in the form prescribed in Appendix A, must be executed by the intending supporters of an institution in Class III.

RULE 5.—The Managing Committee of every hospital or dispensary under these rules, whether in Class I, Class II, or Class III, shall submit to the Medical Department, through the Civil Surgeon of the district, such reports, returns, and accounts as may be prescribed from time to time. Such reports, returns, and accounts shall be in such forms, and be submitted on such dates, as may be prescribed. All books, registers, and forms which may be necessary for the preparation and submission of such reports, returns, and accounts will be supplied by Government free of cost.

RULE 6.—Every institution which is recognised by Government and brought under these rules is subject to inspection and supervision by the Commissioner of the Division, by the civil authorities of the district, by the Civil Surgeon, by the administrative officers of the Medical Department, and by any other person who may be generally or specially appointed in that behalf. No charge will be made for such inspection or supervision.

RULE 7.—Government aid to a hospital or dispensary will be conditional on the observance of due economy in the management of the dispensary funds. The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals will bring to the notice of the Commissioner any instance in which he considers that such economy is not observed.

APPOINTMENT, PAY, LEAVE AND PENSION OF MEDICAL OFFICERS.

RULE 8.—The medical officer of every institution in Class I of these rules shall be taken from the Government establishment, and shall be appointed by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 9.—The local authority or Managing Committee vested with the control and administration of an institution in Class II, and the Managing Committee of an institution in Class III, shall be entitled to appoint their own medical officer, subject to the following conditions, viz.—

- (a) that he be a duly qualified medical man, licensed or certified by a recognised medical college or school, his license or diploma being subject to examination and approval by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals;
- (b) that he be not a dismissed servant of Government, or disqualified for his duties by age, infirmity, or character; and
- (c) that in the event of misconduct, insolvency, or professional incompetence by reason of age or otherwise, being proved against him to the satisfaction of the Medical Department, he be removed from his charge on the requisition of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

Provided that on the application of the local authority or Managing Committee of any such institution, the services of a Government medical officer may be lent to such institution subject to the rules laid down in this Manual.

Provided also that no officer of the Government establishment who, on the date when these rules come into force, is holding medical charge of any institution in Class II, shall be removed from his appointment by the local authority, except with the consent of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 10.—In the case of a hospital or dispensary situated at the head-quarters of a sub-division, the services of the Government medical officer in charge of the sub-division will, if the local authority or Managing Committee of the institution so desire it, be made available for the charge of the hospital or dispensary in addition to his other duties, on condition that the proprietors or managers of the dispensary undertake to pay him an additional allowance of Rs. 10 a month if he is a Civil Hospital Assistant, or Rs. 20 a month if he is an Assistant Surgeon. It will be open to them, however, to obtain the services of a medical subordinate of the Government establishment of such higher rank as they may desire, on the payment by them of the full amount by which the authorised pay and allowances of such officer may exceed the amount sanctioned by Government for the medical charge of the sub-division.

RULE 11.—The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals may, at any time, for departmental or other reasons, remove or transfer any Government medical subordinate whose services have been lent to an institution in Classes II or III, and may, with the consent of the local authority or Managing Committee of the institution, appoint another medical subordinate to succeed him. In every such case, except as hereinafter provided, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by Government.

Provided that if any officer is transferred at the request of the local authority or Managing Committee, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by the local authority or Managing Committee concerned.

RULE 12.—The pay to which a Government medical subordinate in substantive charge of a hospital or dispensary is entitled, is the pay of his grade in the public service. In the event of his becoming entitled, on promotion, to a higher salary than he has received, the local authority or Managing Committee of a dispensary in Class II or Class III may at their option either (a) retain his services on payment of the higher salary, or (b) apply for the services of another officer of the Government establishment as provided in Rule 9, or (c) appoint their own medical officer, subject to the conditions prescribed in that rule.

RULE 13.—No allowance in excess of the pay to which he is entitled under Rule 12 shall be granted to any officer of the Government establishment for the charge of a hospital or dispensary in Class II or Class IIIB. An officer of the Government establishment in charge of a hospital or dispensary in Class IIIA shall receive such allowances as may be determined by the Managing Committee of the institution.

RULE 14.—Government medical subordinates appointed to the charge of a hospital or dispensary under these rules will retain their right to pension, but the amount of pension of each officer will be determined by the salary to which he may be entitled by his grade in the Government service, without reference to any additional allowances paid to him by the managers of the hospital or dispensary under the second clause of the last preceding rule.

RULE 15.—Government medical subordinates in charge of hospitals or dispensaries in Classes II and III are entitled to leave under the rules of the Civil Leave Code. All applications for leave shall be submitted through the local authority or Managing Committee and the Civil Surgeon of the district to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, who alone is authorised to grant the leave. The travelling allowances and transit pay of a *locum tenens* under this rule shall be paid by Government.

The leave pay of an officer proceeding on privilege leave will be borne by the local authority or Managing Committee of the dispensary. In all other cases the leave pay of the officer will be paid by Government.

RULE 16.—Medical officers in charge of hospitals or dispensaries in Class II or Class III, who are not in Government service, shall be entitled to such leave as the local authority or Managing Committee may grant; provided that in the case of an institution in Class II, if rules for the grant of leave have been framed by the local authority concerned, leave shall only be granted in accordance with such rules. The local authority or Managing Committee shall provide for any expenditure that may be incurred on account of the pay of the medical officer while on leave, and the pay and travelling allowances, if any, of his *locum tenens*.

RULE 17.—The salaries or part salaries of Government medical subordinates, which are due from hospitals or dispensaries, must be paid for each month on or before the 15th day of the following month. If payment is not made as above, the Magistrate of the district is authorised to advance the amount due, and will be responsible for its prompt recovery.

MEDICAL STORES.

RULE 18.—Hospitals and dispensaries which pay for their own medicines and instruments shall have the option of obtaining them either from the Government stores or from private vendors approved by the Civil Surgeon; provided that a dispensary previously supplied by private vendors cannot indent on the Government stores without the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. In either case the indents of the medical officer must be checked by the Civil Surgeon.

RULE 19.—Medical stores will be supplied to dispensaries from the Government Medical Store Department at cost price;* but the supply of medicines will ordinarily be confined to the articles specified in the list given in Appendix E, and it will be in the discretion of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals to sanction or disallow any demand.

RULE 20.—Medical stores, if required from the Medical Store Department, must be indented for annually, and the annual indent must be submitted on the date fixed by the Civil Surgeon to enable him to submit the combined indent for his district on the date appointed by Government. Indents delayed beyond the date fixed will not be passed for supply from the Government stores.

RULE 21.—Payments due to the Medical Store Department for medical stores must be made within a month of the receipt of the account at the hospital or dispensary.

MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION.

RULE 22.—The management of hospitals and dispensaries under these rules shall be vested as follows:—

If the institution is in—

- (a) Class I—in such officer, person or persons as Government may direct.
- (b) Class II—in the local authority, or any Managing Committee appointed by it. Such Committee may include persons who are not members of the local authority, and shall exercise its powers subject to the directions of the local authority by whom it was appointed.
- (c) Class III—in a manager or Managing Committee to be appointed by the Commissioner; provided that no Committee shall be appointed for any institution in Class IIIA, unless the proprietors or chief supporters apply for such appointment.

* Cost price includes the percentage fixed from time to time by Government to cover expenditure on supervision and other charges of the Medical Store Department.

RULE 23.—When Managing Committees are appointed, in cases (b) and (c) of Rule 22, the names of the members shall be published by the Commissioner in the *Calcutta Gazette*. The Committee shall elect two of their number to be Chairman and Vice-Chairman respectively, and may also elect another of their number as Secretary.

RULE 24.—The Managing Committee shall meet at least once a quarter, and shall scrutinize the accounts and enquire into all matters affecting the welfare of the institution. They shall examine and pass the monthly accounts, and shall keep a minute-book in which their proceedings shall be recorded.

RULE 25.—The Managing Committee shall be responsible for the management of the funds of the institution. It shall be their duty to see that the guaranteed and promised subscriptions are regularly collected. After defraying the current expenses of the institution, the balance, if any, of the donations and subscriptions realised by the Committee shall be deposited by them in the Post Office Savings Bank. When the amount at credit of the dispensary is Rs. 3,000, the Comptroller-General should ordinarily be asked to invest the whole or a part of it in Government securities. No other mode of investment will be allowed without the previous sanction of Government.

RULE 26.—The Secretary shall keep the accounts of all funded and other property belonging to the institution. He shall receive from the medical officer in charge a monthly account of the receipts and disbursements, and shall examine and countersign all the establishment pay and contingent bills of the institution. He shall, at the end of each month, prepare a statement of the accounts, which he shall submit to the Committee at their next meeting.

RULE 27.—In the case of institutions in Class II, all subscriptions, donations, and the interest on endowments shall be credited to the local fund, but a separate account of dispensary receipts and expenditure shall be kept. The endowments and other invested funds of such institutions shall be held in the custody of the Comptroller-General apart from the assets of the local fund. The securities shall not be sold, and these invested funds shall not be appropriated or used in any way without the sanction of Government.

RULE 28.—The Civil Surgeon shall be the visiting Superintendent of every hospital and dispensary in his district which is classified under these rules.

RULE 29.—The Superintendent shall scrutinize the expenditure and accounts of every hospital or dispensary in his district, and shall call the attention of the Managing Committee to any irregularity or other circumstance which in his opinion deserves notice.

The Managing Committee shall be bound to consider any communication from the Superintendent, to afford him full information as to the conduct of the medical officer in charge, and all other matters affecting the welfare of the sick and the management of the institution.

If any difference of opinion arises between the Superintendent and the Managing Committee regarding any non-professional matter affecting the management of the institution, a reference shall be made through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the Division, and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

RULE 30.—The Superintendent shall visit each dispensary in his district not less than twice annually, and shall prepare and submit promptly to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals inspection reports in Form No. XVI given in Appendix B.

RULE 31.—The Superintendent shall furnish an annual report of the working of the hospitals and dispensaries in his district to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, according to the scheme given in Appendix C, and annual returns in accordance with the forms annexed.

RULE 32.—The Managing Committee of every hospital or dispensary shall cause to be kept at the institution—

- (a) A record of the work done, showing day by day the number of patients treated, the affections for which they were treated, and, in important cases, some account of the symptoms; the treatment, progress, and the result.
- (b) A record of the accounts of the institution.

These shall be written up daily by the medical officer in charge, and shall be open at all times to the inspection of inspecting officers.

The medical officer shall write up all other books and records prescribed under these rules or otherwise; and in any case in which this is not done, the reasons should be stated in the inspection report of the Superintendent.

RULE 33.—An extract from the proceedings of each meeting of the Managing Committee shall be promptly forwarded to the Superintendent, who may, if he thinks fit, and shall if the Managing Committee so desire, submit it with his remarks to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 34.—A Visitors' book shall be kept in every hospital and dispensary, in which will be recorded the remarks of visitors. A copy of these remarks shall be forwarded, on the day of entry, to the Superintendent, who will, if necessary, transmit it with his remarks to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals within three days of its receipt in his office.

GENERAL.

RULE 35.—The medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary is responsible for the proper treatment of the sick, and this duty shall not on any account be delegated to a subordinate; he is also responsible for all matters connected with the comfort and well-being of the patients, and for the proper working of the dispensary establishment.

RULE 36.—The Managing Committee shall prescribe the hours of attendance (which shall not be less than four hours in the morning and two hours in the afternoon) within which the medical officer must be present at the dispensary. He must also give attention to urgent cases at other hours.

The hours of attendance shall be clearly stated in a notice posted in some conspicuous part of the dispensary.

RULE 37.—Any person attending at a charitable dispensary is entitled to receive advice free of charge; but the medical officer may exercise his discretion in refusing to supply medicines in ordinary cases where the person is not poor. Medicines should never be refused to any urgent or dangerous case attending the dispensary. The medical officer refusing to give medicines gratis shall promptly report the facts to the Superintendent and the Managing Committee.

RULE 38.—No medicines may be issued from the dispensary stock to any one who does not receive treatment at the dispensary either as an in-door or out-door patient.

RULE 39.—In no case shall any money payment be received from any person attending the dispensary. Provided that where special accommodation has been provided for paying patients, fees shall be levied according to a scale previously sanctioned in that behalf by the Managing Committee.

RULE 40.—The medical officer in charge of a dispensary has the privilege of engaging in private practice, provided it does not interfere with his attendance at the dispensary during the hours prescribed under Rule 36, or in any other way with his dispensary work. The Managing Committee may, with the sanction of the Superintendent, make rules for the attendance, gratuitously or otherwise, of the medical officer on persons in their own homes who are unable by reason of sickness to attend the dispensary.

Provided that a medical officer who is on the Government establishment is bound to attend gratuitously all persons who, under the orders of Government, are entitled to such gratuitous attendance at their own homes.

RULE 41.—No medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary shall have any interest in a private dispensary or druggist's shop.

RULE 42.—When accommodation is provided for the medical officer in or near the dispensary, he must live in the residence provided for him.

RULE 43.—In dispensaries in which there are house-patients, a bed-head ticket in the prescribed form shall be hung over the bed of each in-patient.

RULE 44.—Medicines and instruments shall be kept under lock and key, except small quantities of the articles in daily use during the attendance of patients.

RULE 45.—Poisons must be kept under separate lock and key.

RULE 46.—No building for the location of a dispensary or hospital in Class II, and no extension to such building, shall be constructed by the local authority until the plan and estimate of such building or extension shall have been approved by the Civil Surgeon, or if the work is estimated to cost more than Rs. 1,000, by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 47.—In the case of institutions in Class II or Class III, repairs to the dispensary buildings shall be executed by, and be chargeable to, the local authority or Managing Committee as the case may be.

RULE 48.—Menial servants will be appointed and discharged by the Managing Committee of the institution. Compounders and dressers will also be appointed and be liable to removal by the Managing Committee, subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

RULE 49.—Dispensary servants must not be employed in the private service of the medical officer.

RULE 50.—The employment of apprentices is prohibited.

BOOKS AND FORMS.

RULE 51.—The following books and forms are required to be kept up at hospitals and dispensaries brought under these rules:—

(1)—Diary and register of in-door patient (Appendix B, form I).

In large hospitals it may also be convenient to keep a separate register of major operations: this should be kept in the following form:—

Register of Major operations.

[illegible]

- (2)—Bed-head ticket (form II). This should be written up daily and be filed, so as to preserve a concise history of the case and treatment. It is advisable also to keep a case-book for recording all special or important cases.
- (3)—Register of out-patients (form III).
- (4)—Ticket for out-door patients (form IV).
- (5)—Monthly return of in and out-patients (form V). This should be prepared and submitted to the Civil Surgeon soon after the close of the month, and a copy should be kept in a book for the more easy and accurate preparation of the annual return.
- (6)—A season register of vaccination for use in dispensaries to which vaccinators are attached. The form can be obtained from the Superintendent.
- (7)—Annual return and report of vaccination. In duplicate; one copy to be filed, and the other to be submitted to the Superintendent, who will draw up a "general" return and report (in similar form) of the operations performed in all the dispensaries under his superintendence, and submit them, through the prescribed channel, to the office of the Sanitary Commissioner, the individual dispensary returns being filed in his own office.
- (8)—Monthly bills in detail of establishment, diet, and contingencies (form VI) to be prepared by the medical officer in charge, and examined and countersigned by the Secretary for payment. These bills are then to be sent to the committee or district officer, as the case may be, for payment. In all cases in which there is a grant from Government for establishment, diet or any other charge, the bills of such expenditure are to be kept separate from the private accounts of the charity.
- (9)—A bill-book for copies of all the dispensary bills.
- (10)—A monthly statement of accounts (form VII, Parts I and II) to be submitted in duplicate monthly to the Superintendent, who will send one copy to the Magistrate, and keep one for record. A copy of this is to be kept in the bill-book (9), and laid before the committee at their monthly meetings. This rule applies only to dispensaries in classes II and III.
- (11)—A daily account or cash-book, showing actual receipts and expenditure in detail. This is to be kept at the dispensary, and the account totalled up at the end of each month.
- (12)—A diet-book (in form VIII). This is required only in dispensaries in which there are in-patients.
- (13)—Monthly return of medical subordinates and hospital servants, including acquittance roll (form IX), to be sent monthly to the Superintendent.
- (14)—A subscription and donation book. This should be in form X, and should be kept up by the Secretary.
- (15)—A nominal disposition roll of subordinate medical officers, Assistant Surgeons, and Civil Hospital Assistants (form XI) to be submitted to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals quarterly. This is to be prepared by the Civil Surgeon, and to include all medical subordinates serving under him. The report regarding the qualifications of the medical officers is to be treated as confidential, and is not to be filed in the Civil Surgeon's office.
- (16)—Annual indent for European medicines and instruments (form XII), to be prepared on the printed form and submitted in duplicate.
- (17)—Annual indent for forms to be prepared on the printed form (form XIII), and to be submitted in quadruplicate.
- (18)—Annual return (form XIV). The annual return is to be sent through superintendents direct to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. The summary report of the Civil Surgeon should be prepared in accordance with the scheme laid down in Appendix C, and be submitted through the Civil authorities. The medical officer of a dispensary is expected to draw up his report in English, but when he is unable to do so, he should prepare it in the vernacular, and it must be translated in the office of the Superintendent.
- (19)—Operations are to be entered in accordance with the list in form XV.
- (20)—For a visitors' book, a simple blank book will suffice.
- (21)—Inspection reports of Civil Surgeons should be submitted according to form No. XVI.
- (22)—A book for copies of certificates given in police and medico-legal cases (form XVII).
- (23)—A blank book for records of *post-mortem* examinations, medico-legal or otherwise, and for keeping detailed records of wounds or other police cases. Instead of a book being kept up, a copy of form No. XVIII, which is to be used when despatching viscera to the Chemical Examiner, may be filed as a record of medico-legal *post-mortem* examinations.
- (24)—Blank book for copies of all letters and circulars received and forwarded.
- (25)—A property book should be kept up at all dispensaries.
- (26)—A book-cover for filing all circulars and other letters.
- (27)—A book for copying all letters despatched.
- (28)—A committee-book, for recording the proceedings of each meeting of the dispensary committee.
- (29)—A stock ledger of medicines (form XIX).

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A—FORM OF GAURANTEE.

Know all men by these presents that We
are held and firmly bound to the Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of one thousand rupees
to be paid to him his successors or assigns, for which payment to be well and truly made we bind ourselves
and each of us and the heirs executors administrators and representatives of us and each of us and of very
of them jointly and severally firmly by these presents sealed with our seals dated this
day of one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas a dispensary has been established at
and the Government of Bengal has been requested to aid the same as a Dispensary of the class pur-
suant to the revised rules for the grant of Government aid to Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in the
Lower Provinces of Bengal which the said Government of Bengal has consented to do upon security being
given that the local income from private subscriptions of the said Dispensary shall amount to not less than

rupees per mensem and the above bounden
thereupon agreed to execute the above written Bond or Obligation subject to the condition hereafter con-
tained. Now the condition of the above written Bond or Obligation is such that if the local income from
private subscriptions of the said Dispensary shall amount to not less than the sum of rupees
per mensem or if in case the said local income shall be less than that sum the above bounden

or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives do and shall monthly
and every month pay to the Committee of Management or Treasurer or other officers or officer of the said
Dispensary for the time being authorized to receive the income thereof such a sum of money as with the said
private subscriptions will cause the said local income to amount to not less than the sum of
rupees per mensem and if the said

or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives do and shall from
time to time and at all times hereafter save harmless and keep indemnified the said Secretary of State for
India in Council and his successors and assigns and his and their officers and servants and their and every
of their estate and effects whatsoever from and against all losses and expenses which shall or may be paid,
suffered sustained or incurred by him or them for or by reason or on account of any deficiency or falling
off of the said local income of the said Dispensary whereby it shall be reduced below the monthly sum of
rupees: Then the above written Bond or
Obligation shall be void otherwise the same shall be and remain in full force and virtue.

Provided that the above bounden
or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives desiring at any time
hereafter to be released from the above written Bond or Obligation may with the consent of the Government
of Bengal withdraw on giving notice of such desire to the said Government of Bengal through the local
Magistrate or Commissioner and to other parties to this Bond (if any) three months before hand.

APPENDIX B.

FORMS OF REGISTERS, RETURNS, &c.

FORM I.

Diary of House Patients treated in the

Dispensary.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Year, month, and day.	Yearly number.	NAME OR NUMBER.	Age.	Caste.	Sex.	Occupation.	Residence.	Disease.	Duration of disease.	Remaining.	New cases admitted.	Total treated.	DISCHARGED.			Died.	Remaining under treatment.
													Cured.	Relieved.	Otherwise.		
1881.																	
Jan. 1st ...	...	903 of 7-8-80	...	...	...	...	...	Cancer ... 44	1 year ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1-1-81	...
" ...	...	970 of 13-10-80	...	...	...	...	...	Diabetes ... 52	6 months ...	1	...	...	1-1-81	...	...	...	...
" ...	...	1000 of 20-11-80	...	...	...	...	...	Rheumatism ... 57	7 days ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" ...	...	1100 of 10-12-80	...	...	...	...	...	Epilepsy ... 93	Congenital ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" ...	1	Hurree Dass	20	H.	M.	Writer	Howrah	Diarrhoea ... 484	2 days ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" ...	2	Ameerudeen	60	H.	M.	Coolie	Ooterpara	Dysentery ... 466	10 days ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" ...	3	Mary	31	Eu.	F.	Ayah	Hooghly	Fever ...	3 days ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total ...									...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jan. 2nd ...	4	Kaminee	8	H.	M.	...	Rampore	Mumps ... 21	2 days ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" ...	5 P.	Ramdeen	25	H.	M.	Bearer	Ballygunge	Fracture ... 1101	2 hours ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" ...	...	1000 of 20-11-80	...	...	...	...	...	Rheumatism ...	...	...	...	...	2-1-81	...	...	...	...
" ...	6	Shama Churn	18	H.	M.	Shopman	Ashowra	Snake-bite ... 985, A1	20 Minutes ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...									...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dec. 31st ...	5016	Rampersad	40	H.	M.	Servant	Nauda	Privation ... 966	1 week ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" ...	...	4221 of 9-10-81	...	...	...	...	...	Dysentery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31-12-81	...
" ...	6017	Nusidun	30	M.	F.	Ayah	Odapore	Debility ... 905-15	1 month ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...									...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIRECTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS.

Col. 2.—The yearly numbers commence with the first new case admitted in the year and proceed regularly through the 12 months, the last number thus recording the number of admissions in the year and corresponding with the total of Col. 12.

—The monthly aggregate of the daily total numbers treated divided by the number of days in the month gives the "averaged daily sick" required for the monthly Return.

Col. 3.—All the cases remaining at the end of a year are to be entered on the following 1st January by the previous year's yearly number and monthly date. Such cases and cases remaining from day to day, will only re-appear on the date on which their result is recorded. Besides being recorded on the day of its occurrence, the result should also be noted (in red ink or in brackets) opposite the original entry.

Col. 5.—Hindoo, H.; Mussulman, M.; European, En.; Eurasian, En.; Native Christian, N. C.; and other Classes, O. C.

Col. 6.—Male, M.; Female, F.; Children to be recorded as such when under 10 years old.

Col. 9.—Diseases, injuries, operations, &c., are only to be denominated by the name and number specified in the official 'Nomenclature,' and no name is ever to be used that does not appear in that book.

If variety or sub-division is to be recorded, the letter or figure in the book must follow the number of the main disease.

In the column headed "otherwise" a reference number and foot-note are to be used to indicate the mode of discharge—unrelieved, absconded, removed by friends, &c.

When Police cases are admitted into hospital, they should be distinguished by the letter P being placed after the yearly number, as 5 P on the 2nd January.

FORM No. II.

<i>Bed-head Ticket.</i>			<i>Dispensary.</i>	
1881.				
Disease.		Name, age, caste, and date of admission.		Constitution, and general state on admission.
Month and Day.		Completed day of disease.	Symptoms and particulars of case, with results, &c.	Treatment.
				Diet.

REMARKS.—This ticket to be hung up above the bed of every in patient and framed in tin or wood. It takes the place of a case-book, and full details of symptom progress, and treatment are to be recorded.

On the termination of each case the ticket is to be filed; the tickets of one year are to be kept together as a record, arranged in regular order by date of admission and month; and additional ticket can be used for a patient when one is not sufficient.

FORM No. III.

*Daily Register of Out-Patients treated in the**Dispensary.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Year, month, and day.	REGISTER Number.		NAME OR NUMBER.	Age.	Caste or class.	Sex.	Attended personally.	by Represented friends.	Disease.	Treatment.	Result.
	Yearly.	Daily.									
1881.											
1st January	...	...	370 of 8-8-80	...	...	...	...	...	Diarrhoea	...	Reported well.
"	...	...	456 of 3-10-80	...	...	...	...	...	Fever	...	Discharged otherwise
"	1	1	Mohun	25	H.	M.	...	1	Brucella	...	(not heard of for 10 days.)
"	2	2	Soornah	5	H.	F.	...	1	Opthalmia	...	
"	3	3	Rambux	30	M.	M.	...	...	Diarrhoea	...	
"	4	4	Ameerun	16	M.	F.	1	...	Inf. of breast	...	
Total	4	4					2	2			1 cured. 1 discharged otherwise.
2nd January	5	1	Keshub	43	H.	M.	1	...	Rheumatism	...	Recovered (reported well).
"	6	2	120 of 15-12-80	...	...	...	...	...	Splenitis	...	
"	7	3	Poorneah	50	M.	F.	1	...	Leprosy	...	
"	8	4	Issur Chund	7	H.	M.	1	...	Cancerum Oris	...	
"	9	5	Prem Chund	35	H.	M.	1	...	Dyspepsia	...	
"	10	6	Roostum	25	M.	M.	1	...	Dislocation	...	
"	11	7	John Wilson	60	Eu.	M.	...	1	Debility	...	
"	12	8	Jacob Bright	25	O.C.	M.	1	...	Caries of teeth	...	
Total	7	7					6	1			1 Cured.
31st December	2555	1	Saroda	20	H.	M.	1	...	Synovitis	...	Recovered.
"	2556	2	Bunnoo	29	M.	F.	1	...	Contusion	...	(Died ceased to attend.
"	2557	3	Mokund	9	H.	M.	1	...	Scrofula	...	
"	...	4	2340 of 23-12-81	...	...	...	1	...	Tabes Mesenterica	...	
"	...	...	2001 of 30-11-81	...	...	...	...	...	Fever	...	
"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Caries	...	
Total	3	4					4	...			1 cured, 1 died.

Column 2.—The yearly numbers begin with the first new case attending for treatment in the year, and as they proceed through the year the last number will show the total number of new cases registered.

Column 4.—New cases only to be entered by name; all others by the yearly number and date of first visit.

FORM No. IV.

TICKET FOR OUT-DOOR PATIENTS.

DISPENSARY AT _____		
Date of first visit.	Yearly number.	Disease.
Return visit.		
Result.		

This ticket to be given to every new case attending.

Symptoms and treatment are not to be recorded ; these are entered in the daily register.

Patients should be directed to bring their tickets whenever they attend. The date of return visit for treatment is to be recorded ; also the date of final result.

Tickets should be filed on the completion of the case. Should a ticket not be produced by a patient, his case should receive attention, but he should be warned to bring the ticket on the next visit.

Monthly Return of In and Out-Patients treated in the Dispensary at _____ during
the month of _____ 188 .

Showing the Sex and Class of the Patients treated.

[illegible]

FORM NO. VI.

Bill for Bazar Medicines, Diet, and Contingencies of the

Dispensary for the month of

188 .

ARTICLES.	Quantity supplied,			Rate per rupee.			Amount.			TOTAL.		
	Seers.	Chs.	Tolabs.	Seers.	Chs.	Tolabs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Bazar Medicines.</i>												
Flour for poultices ...	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0
&c., &c.												
<i>Diet.</i>												
Rice ...	45	0	0	15	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
&c., &c.												
<i>Contingencies.</i>												
Oil for lamp ...	4	8	0	3	0	0	1	8	0	1	8	0
&c., &c.												
Total ...										4	12	0

Pay of Hospital Subordinates and Servants for the month of

188 .

No.	Designation.	Rate per month.	Amount.			TOTAL.		
			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Compounder ...	9	9	0	0	17	0	0
	Dresser ...	8	8	0	0			
	&c., &c.							
	Total ...					17	0	0

Abstract of Bill.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment ...	17	0	0			
Bazar medicines ...	0	4	0			
Diet ...	3	0	0			
Contingencies ...	1	8	0	21	12	0
&c., &c.						
Total ...				21	12	0
Daily average of sick dieted ...						

Secretary to Committee.

In Medical Charge.

FORM NO. X.

No. _____

DISPENSARY AT _____

Date _____

RECEIVED from _____

the sum of Rs. _____

being the amount of his _____

for the month of _____

18 .

No. _____

DISPENSARY AT _____

Date _____

RECEIVED from _____

the sum of Rs. _____, being the amount of his

_____ for the month of _____

18 .

(Signature.)

FORM No. XII.

DISPENSARY.

INDENT on the Calcutta Medical Depot _____ *for European Medicines*
and Instruments required for the use of _____ *for 12 months*
commencing from the _____ *of* _____ *188 .*

Station _____ of _____ 188 .

Daily average number of sick.

Remarks from Depot.	No.	
		ARTICLES.
		Remaining of previous supplies on the
		Received on Regular Indent on the
		Received on Emergent Indent on the
		Total.
		Expended during the past months.
		Remaining in stores.
		Required for the ensuing months.
	No.	
		Remarks by the Surgeon-General, Bengal,

All dry articles and mineral acids, chloroform, and essential oils, are supplied by the avoirdupois weight—fluids by measure.
Any books in store, the property of Government, to be accounted for in a separate indent (Form No. XIII.)
A separate indent in duplicate to be submitted for cinchona febrifuge.

I solemnly declare upon my honour that the medicines supplied on my indent have been and shall be solely expended for the purpose of the service as strictly imposed upon me by my public duty.

I also declare that I have carefully ascertained the quantities returned above as, "remaining in store" to be correct, and the quantities "required" have been filled in with my own hand.

Received

Despatched

Civil Surgeon.

Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

In Medical Charge,

FORM No. XIII.

INDENT FOR MEDICAL FORMS.

Indent on the Government Stationery Office for Medical Forms for the period from 1st
188 for of

188 to 31st

This form to be carefully filled up by the Indenting
Officer, specifying the route and mode of carriage
by which the forms are to be sent.

To the
of
at
Care of
To be forwarded by

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number by which the forms will be indicated in future indent.	Description of Forms.	Balance in hand on 1st last year.	Number received during the year.	Consumption of last twelve months.	Number in hand this day.	Quantity now indented for.	Quantity allowed.	Quantity supplied.	Remarks by the indenting officer.
	BOOKS.								
1 B. M. D.	Diary of house-patients ...								
2 Do.	Register of out-patients ...								
3 Do.	Receipt (counterfoil book) for subscriptions ...								
4 Do.	Certificate of police cases (counterfoil book) ...								
5 Do.	Daily register of dieting house-patient ...								
	FORMS.								
6 Do.	Bed-head tickets ...								
6a Do.	Ditto ditto, small size ...								
7 Do.	Ticket for out-door patients ...								
7a Do.	Ditto ditto, (small size for dispensary use) ...								
8 Do.	Monthly return of medical and all establishments (counterfoil) ...								
9 Do.	Monthly statement of receipts and expenditure ...								
10 Do.	Half-yearly return of surgical instruments, &c. ...								
11 Do.	Indent for Europe medicines, &c. ...								
11a Do.	Ditto ditto (Dispensary) ...								
11b Do.	Ditto forms for forms { Medical, &c. A. G. B. ...								
12 Do.	Post-mortem examination (English and Bengali) ...								

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number by which the forms will be indicated in future indent.	Description of Forms.	Balance in hand on 1st last year.	Number received during the year.	Consumption of last twelve months.	Number in hand this day.	Quantity now indented for.	Quantity allowed.	Quantity supplied.	Remarks by the indenting officer.
2 B. M. D.	Post-mortem examination (English and Urdu) ...								
3 Do.	Annual return of Dispensaries ...								
4 Do.	Monthly return of ditto ...								
5 Do.	Inspection report of Dispensaries ...								
6 Do.	Quarterly return of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants ...								
7 Do.	Quarterly return of the Apothecary class								
8 Do.	Ditto of the Uncovenanted Medical Officers ...								
9 Do.	Poison labels ...								

NOTE.—This indent should be submitted through the head of the department in the month of November.

RECEIVED

DESPATCHED

Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

In Medical Charge.

FEMALE

[illegible]

Showing the Result of the Major Surgical Operations performed during the year 188 .

Showing the Current Income and Expenditure on account of the Dispensary during the year 188 .

Income.

Expenditure.

* The actual amount drawn is to be exhibited and accounted for. The interest drawn, and the period for which it is due, should be shown in a foot-note.
† In calculating this item, those who paid for their own diet will of course be excluded; also police cases when paid for by Government.

Balance on 1st January ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Invested during the year ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
						Total	...
Securities sold ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deposits withdrawn	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
						Total	...
Balance on 31st December	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The nature of securities and the rate of interest obtained on them should be specified in a foot-note.

FORM No. XV.

MAJOR.

MINOR.

OPERATIONS ON THE EYE AND ITS APPENDAGES.

Operations on the Eye-ball,

Artificial pupil.
 Iridectomy.
 Solution of the lens.
 Depression of the lens.
 Extraction of the lens.
 Extraction of the opaque capsule.
 Extraction of foreign bodies.
 Laceration of opaque capsule.
 Puncture of the globe.
 Staphyloma.
 Excision of the eye-ball—
 (a) Partial.
 (b) Total.
 (c) With the rest of the contents of the orbit.
 Removal of tumours from the neighbourhood of the
 eye if large, or deeply or dangerously situated.

Operations on the Eye-lids,

For entropium.
 „ ectropium.
 „ symblepharon and ankyloblepharon.
 „ trichiasis.
 „ tumour.
Operation on the other Appendages of the Eye.
 For strabismus.
 „ pterygium.
 „ fistula lachrymal and lachrymal obstruction.
 disease of the lachrymal gland.
 Removal of tumours from the neighbourhood of the
 eye if small, and not deeply or dangerously
 situated.

Operations on Arteries.

Ligature.	Temporary constriction.
Acupressure of the main artery of a limb.	Acupressure of arteries smaller than the radial.

Operations on Aneurism.

All operations on aneurisms.

Operations on Veins.

Obliteration of varicose veins.
 Ditto varicocele.

Operations for Hemorrhage.

Plugging of the nostrils.
Ditto ditto vagina
Ditto ditto rectum.

Operations on Joints.

Reduction of dislocations.
 Extension of stiff and deformed joints.
 Incision of joints.
 Excision ditto.
 Removal of loose bodies.

Operations on Bones.

Excision of bones.	Excision of an ungual phalanx of a finger or toe.
Operations for ununited fracture.	
Refractures of bones.	

Amputations.

All amputations, excepting those of the 2nd or third phalanges of the toes and fingers.	Amputations of the 2nd or 3rd phalanges of the toes or fingers.
--	--

Removal of Tumours.

All other tumours.	Innocent tumours not larger than a walnut, and not extending beneath the superficial structures.
--------------------	---

Removal of Foreign Bodies.

Loose cartilages.	Balls or other substances impacted in superficial structures
Balls or other substances located beneath the superficial structures.	

Removal of Calculi.

Biliary } by any method.	Salivary.
Vesical }	Urithral calculi not requiring a cutting operation.

FORM NO. XV—concluded.

Incisions.

MAJOR.

Laryngotomy.
 Tracheotomy.
 Neurotomy.
 Removal of foreign bodies from the windpipe.
 Œsophagotomy.
 Gastrotomy.
 Abdominal section.
 Colotomy.
 For hernia.
 Colotomy for strangulation.
 Ditto radical cure.
 Perineal section.
 Ovariectomy.
 Cæsarean operation.
 Removal of foetal remains.
 Internal urethrotomy.
 Myotomy.
 For large abscesses or those in important regions or dangerous neighbourhoods.

MINOR.

Fistula in ano.
 For anal fissure.
 „ ulcer of the rectum.
 „ small abscesses.
 „ boils.
 „ carbuncles.

Reparative Operations.

Abdominal fistula.
 For cicatrices.
 Perineal rupture.
 Protrusion of the tubuli or fungus testis.
 Recto-urethral fistula.
 Ditto vaginal ditto.
 Utero-vesical ditto.
 Hare-lip.
 Cleft palate.
 Epispadias.
 Hypospadias.

For chronic ulcer (including skin grafting).
 Phymosis.

Operations not classified.

Paracentesis of the head, chest, or abdomen.
 Ditto ditto bladder.
 Transfusion.
 Scrotal tumour.
 Internal piles.
 Operations for conjoined fingers or toes if complete.
 Elephantiasis of the scrotum.
 Ditto ditto female genitals.

Paracentesis of hydrocele.
 Ditto fluid tumour not located in either of the great cavities.
 Artificial respiration.
 Resuscitation of drowned persons.
 Ditto ditto hanged.
 Operations for conjoined fingers or toes if partial.
 Removal of foreign bodies from the ear, nose, or other cavities not requiring incisions.
 Excision of external piles.
 Ditto of warts.
 Extraction of teeth.

FORM No. XVI.

Inspection Report of _____ Dispensary by the
Civil Surgeon of _____

(STATION AND DATE.)

Date of inspection,

Time of inspection from _____ o'clock _____ M. to _____ o'clock _____ M.

General appearance of dispensary and surroundings,

Number of house-patients on previous day,

Number of out-door patients on previous day,

Daily average of previous year ... { House patients,
Out-patients,

State how average attendance of out-patients has been reckoned, *i.e.*, whether it represents the actual number of attendances or the number of days for which the medicines were supplied.

How many out-door patients did you see in attendance during the time of your inspection?

Number of operations last month and their nature,

Are there any cases of operation in the dispensary on day of inspection?

Have you compared the stock of medicines with last indent?

If so, are there any discrepancies?

Are the medicines well kept and sufficient in quantity?

Are the poisons kept separately under lock and key?

Are bazar medicines extensively used?

Which are used as antiperiodics?

Are the instruments well kept, clean, sharp, and free of rust?

Are the tables clean, especially the compounding table?

Are the mortars, slabs, spatulas, &c., clean and serviceable?

Are the scales and weights clean and in proper order?

Are the scales properly balanced?

Are any grain weights deficient. If so, who lost them?

How many blankets are there for house-patients?

How many cots are there?

How often does the Committee meet?

How many meetings were there last year?

On what date was the last meeting of the Committee held?

What is the guaranteed income of the dispensary?

What sum was collected last year?

What sum was collected last month?

What is the amount of subscriptions in arrear?

Are the records kept up by the medical subordinate in charge of the dispensary in his own handwriting?

Epecially, are all parts of the register of out-patients in his own writing ?

Does he appear to be interested in his work ?

Do the people of the place appear to like him ?

Does he keep up his knowledge of medicine and surgery (which can be tested by asking him questions) ?

Does the compounder know the composition and doses of the drugs most used ?

What did each patient cost for diet last month ?

What was the average cost of extras ?

What wines or spirits (if any) are used ?

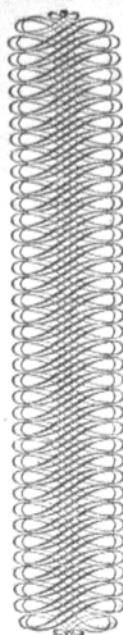
Judging from the copies of Police *post-mortem* reports, does he appear to be well-informed in medical Jurisprudence ?

Establishment attached to the dispensary, and the designation and pay of each member ?

Muster the establishment and state whether all were present.

FORM No. XVII.

COPY.



CERTIFICATE TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES
ON POLICE CASES.

FORM No. XVIII.

FROM THE _____

TO THE _____

Dated _____

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DESCRIPTION of viscera forwarded for examination.

Mode of packing.

Copy of lable attached to bottle.

Impression of seal.

Weight of parcel

Mode of despatch.

Date of despatch.

Date of receipt in Chemical
Examiner's Office.Information furnished by Police, or *précis* of case.

Name _____ sex _____ age _____ caste _____

thana or village _____

FORM No. XVIII—*continued.*History of case—*continued.*

Date and hour of despatch of body

Date and hour of autopsy

Name of officer by whom examination was
actually made.

Date of receipt

Appearance of body—

Muscularity

Stout

Emaciated

Special marks—

Scars

Tattooing

Amount of hair, &c.

*Signs of decomposition—**Wounds and bruises—*

a.—Position

b.—Character

c.—Size

FORM No. XVIII—*continued.**State of natural orifices—*

Eyes
Ears
Nostrils
Mouth
Vagina
Anus
Urethra

State of limbs, &c.—

Rigor mortis
Position
Contents of hands, if clinched
Features ... { Relaxed
 { Contracted

Pupils
Contents of mouth
Position of tongue
State of teeth

Thorax—

Ribs
Cartilages
Pleura
Pericardium

Heart ... { Shape and
 { Cavities
 { Clots, *ante* or *post-mortem*
 { Muscular structure

Vessels ... { Clots
 { Aneurism
 { Atheroma. &c.

Lungs ... { Appearance
 { Colour
 { Consistence
 { Adhesions

Larynx, trachea, and bronchi for foreign bodies or disease

Abdomen—

Peritoneum
Peritoneal cavity, contents.
Liver and gall bladder—form and size, disease or injury
Pancreas, disease or injury
Spleen, ditto ditto
Kidneys, ditto ditto

Stomach ... { Size and general appearance
 { Appearance of coats
 { Contents, appearance, odour, and quantity

Intestines... { General appearance and contents
 { Appearance of coats

FORM No. XVIII—concluded.

Generative organs—

Bladder and contents

Uterus, appearance, size and contents

Vagina, contents

Head—

Scalp

Bones, disease or injury

Membranes

Brain substance and ventricles

Base of skull fractures, caries, extravasation, &c. &c.

*The spinal canal need not be examined, unless any indication of disease or injury exist.**Fractures and dislocations—*

More detailed description of injury or disease.

OPINION AS TO CAUSE OF DEATH.

Station _____

Dated _____

Civil Surgeon or Medical Officer of _____

APPENDIX C.

SCHEME OF ANNUAL REPORT BY CIVIL SURGEONS ON DISPENSARIES.

Public health of district.—As learnt from sources other than dispensary figures. Comparison with previous years. Local exceptions in year under review.

Total number of dispensaries working at the end of the year.—Name any dispensary which was opened or closed during the year, referring to the Government order.

Give number of dispensaries receiving both in-door and out-door patients, and number having out-door patients only. Changes during the year.

Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in all dispensaries during year under review and previous year. Average daily attendance to total for same years.

State what means have been taken to verify the figures, and what degree of confidence they may claim.

Number of dispensaries in charge of assistant surgeons of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd grades, and of hospital assistants.

Classification of dispensaries. How many were in the several classes and grades at the end of the year, and what changes took place during the year.

Number of dispensaries in charge of District Boards, municipalities, and local committees, and under private managers and end of year. Changes during the year.

Opinion on the interest shown by managing bodies generally in dispensaries and on the appreciation of them by the people.

Particular dispensaries.—The working of each to be separately noted with the following particulars in the order here given :—

Class and grade.

Governing body, whether District Board, municipality, dispensary committee, or private manager. Changes during the year.

Number of meetings held by committee

Visits paid by the civil officers of division and district.

Number of visits paid by Civil Surgeon, with reasons if the number is less than two.

Subordinate officer in charge of dispensary ; his emoluments from Government and otherwise. Opinion as to fitness, &c.

Establishment, designation, and pay of each person serving under the subordinate officer in charge.

Number of in-door and out-door patients treated in year under review and previous year—totals and daily averages. Relation to local public health. Method of calculating daily attendance.

Death-rate compared with previous year. Remarks in explanation.

Prevalence of particular diseases in the returns. Remarks.

Operative surgery. Number of major and minor operations in the dispensary ; remarks ; deaths after operation.

Amount of Government payment, separating salary, special allowance, medicines, diet of police cases and otherwise.

English medicines, whether obtained from Government or from private druggists. The cost as compared with previous year. State whether private indents are checked by Civil Surgeon.

Diet of in-patients. Average cost of a daily diet.

Contingencies and miscellaneous charges. Dispensary medical officers should in all cases present in their monthly accounts every item of charge included in these terms that the Civil Surgeon may comment on the annual outlay.

Remarks on any trials of alleged remedies, prophylactics, &c., made during the year under orders of Government.

Having given information on the foregoing points, or reasons for not giving it, the Civil Surgeon will append any remarks he may wish to make on subjects not included in the list, such as details of particular cases treated, &c.

A tabular statement in the form annexed should accompany the report.

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APPENDIX D.

INDIGENOUS DRUGS.

List of the Principal Articles of the Materia Medica procurable in Bazaars.

LATIN NAMES.	HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.
Abrus precatorius, <i>vice</i> Glycyrrhiza ...	Mulatee, Goonch, Chun-hatti, Kaka-chinehi.
Acacia Arabica (Gum) ...	Bubool-ka Gond, Kalikeker.
„ Catechu ...	Kuth Khair.
Acetum ...	Sirka.
„ Distillatum ...	Uruk Nana.
Aconitum Ferox— <i>radix</i> ...	Bish, Meeta Bish.
„ Heterophyllum „ ...	Atees.
Acorus Calamus ...	Boch, Ghorbuch.
Ægle Marmelos— <i>fructus</i> ...	Bêl, Sripul.
Aerugo ...	Zungul, Zungar.
Aloes Indica ...	Mussubbar, Elwa, Gheekuooar, Ghrito-koomari.
Alumen sulph ...	Phitkarie, Fotekaree.
Ammonia Hydrochloras ...	Nausadar.
Amygdala ...	Badâm.
Andrographis Paniculata ...	Kalmeg.
Anethum— <i>semina</i> ...	Soya-ka Beej.
Anthemis Pyrethrum „ ...	Akurkoa.
Antimonii Tersulphuretum ...	Soorma, Russ-anjan.
Aqua Rosarum... ..	Goolab Panee.
Arachis Hydoggæa ...	China-bâdam.
Arcea Catechu— <i>fructus</i> (Anthelmintic) ...	Supari.
Aristolchia Indica— <i>radix</i> ...	Ishurmool.
Arsenicum Album ...	Sumbulka, Summulka, Sanko.
„ Bisulphuretum ...	Moonchal, Durmooj.
Artemesia Indica ...	Dhoona, Doona, Gundhumar, Muslarco.
Astragalus Verus ...	Kotilla.
Azadirachta Indica ...	Neem.
Balsamodendron Agallocha (Gum Resin) ...	Googul-ka Gond.
„ Myrrha (Gum Resin) ...	Bol, Beejabol, Herabol.
Berberis Lycium (Extract) ...	Rosout.
Boswellia Thurifera (Gum Resin) ...	Loban (Ganda beroza).
Butea Frondosa... ..	Pulass or dhak-kee Beej, Kingshooka.
Cæsalpinia „ ...	Bukhum.
„ Bonduc ...	Kutkarinja, Natakarinja, Nataphul.
Caffea Arabica ...	Kuwa.
Calceis Liquor ...	Choona Panee.
Calotropis Gigantea— <i>radix</i> ...	Mudar-ka Jur, Akund, Urka.
Calumba Palmatus ...	Columbo.
Cannabis Indica— <i>resina</i> ...	Churru, Gunjah, Bhang.
Capsicum Annuum ...	Lal Merich, Lunka, Gachmorich.
Carbo Ligni ...	Côila.
Carum Nigrum— <i>semina</i> ...	Seeah Zeerah, Jeerah.
Caryophyllus Aromaticus ...	Long, Lavanga.
Cassia Fistula— <i>fructus</i> ...	Amultas-ka phul, Sondal, Pykassie.
„ Elongata— <i>folia</i> ...	Senna Mukkee, Sennapat.
Cera Alba ...	Sufaid Môm.
„ Flava ...	Zurd Môm.
Cichorium Intybus— <i>semina</i> ...	Kasnee-ka Beej.
Cinnamomum Zeylanicum ...	Dalcheenee.
„ Albiflorum ...	Tezpat, Tauz.
Cissampelos Hexandra ...	Neemooka.
Citrus Aurantium ...	Narungee, Kumlo-nemboo.
„ Vulgaris ...	Kaguzie Nemboo.
Clerodendron Viscosum ...	Bhaut.
Clitoria Ternatea ...	Aprajita, Dhanattor.
Cocculus Cordifolius— <i>radix</i> ...	Goluncha, Neemgiloh, Gurcha.
„ Indicus ...	Kakmari.
Cochlospermum gossypium, <i>vice</i> Tragacanth ...	Kuteera, or Kuteela-ka Gond.
Cocos nucifera... ..	Narkol.
Colchicum— <i>bulbus</i> ...	Soorunjan Tulkh.
Conserva Rosæ... ..	Goolkund.
„ „ Glandulifera ...	Sewtie Goolkund.
Convolvulus Scammonia (Gum Resin) ...	Sutmooneya, Muhmooda.
Conyza anthelmintica ...	Somraj.
Coptis Teeta ...	Mismeteeta.

APPENDIX D—continued.

LATIN NAMES.	HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.
Corechorus Olitorious ...	Lalitapat
Coriandrum Sativum— <i>semina</i> ...	Dhunya, Kushneez
Creta preparata ..	Kurramattie.
Crinum Asiaticum— <i>bulbus</i> ...	Sookhdursun Burro-kanoor.
Crocus Sativus— <i>safran</i> ...	Kesur, Zeferan.
Croton Tiglium— <i>semina et oleum</i> ...	Jamalgota, Jypal.
Cucumis Colocynthis ...	Indrayum, Bishombe, Makhal.
„ Sativus ...	Susha, Kheera.
„ Utilissimus ...	Kunkoor.
Cumium ...	Zeerah Sufaid.
Cupri Sulphas ...	Neela Tootiya, Toonta.
Curcuma Longa ...	Huldi, Haridra.
Cydonia Vulgaris ...	Behedanna.
Dalbergia Sissoo— <i>lignum</i> ...	Sissoo.
Datura Stramonium— <i>semina et folia</i> ...	Dhatura.
Daucus Carota... ..	Gajur.
Diospyros Embryopteris ...	Gaub, Sindica.
Dipterocarpus laevis ...	Gurgun tél.
Dorema Ammoniacum (Gum Resin) ...	Ooshak, Ushk.
Elettaria Cardamomum— <i>capsula</i> ...	Chota Illachea.
Embelia Robusta— <i>semina</i> (Anthelmintic) ...	Bæberung, Birunga.
Emblica Officinalis ...	Anola, Amla Amlaki.
Enlophia Radix (Salep) ...	Salib Misree.
Ferri Sulphas ...	Heerakus.
Fœniculum Vulgare— <i>semina</i> ...	Souf, Panmouri.
Galbanum Officinale (Gum Resin) ...	Bereja.
Gardenia Lucida (Resin) ...	Bekamalie, Beega Mull.
Garcinia Pictoria ...	Gamboge, Assara rusand.
„ Mangostana ...	Mangosteen.
Gentiana— <i>radix</i> ...	Pikhun, Pakhun, Béd.
Gentiana Kurroo— <i>radix</i> ...	Kuroo, Kootkee.
Glycyrrhiza Glabra— <i>radix</i> ...	Mulatie, Aslasoos, Jesto modhu.
Gossypium Herbaceum— <i>semina</i> ...	Benoulla.
Guilandina Bonducella ...	Kuth-Karinja Natakurinja.
Gynocardia Odorata ...	Chaulmoogra.
Hebradendron Cambogioides (Gum Resin) ...	Oosara rewund, Gamboge.
Hæmatoxylum ...	Patung.
Helicteres Isora— <i>fructus</i> ...	Maror Phullie.
Hemidesmus Indicus, <i>vice</i> Sarsaparilla ...	Unantamool.
Hirudo Medicinalis ...	Jonk.
Hydrargyrum ...	Para.
„ Bichloridum ...	Ruskapoor.
„ Persulphuretum ...	Shingruf, Hingool.
Hyoscyamus Niger— <i>semina</i> ...	Khorasanie Ajwain.
Indigofera Tinctoria ...	Neel.
Ipomœa Turpethum— <i>radix</i> ...	Nesot, Joorbud Teoree Toor-bood.
Iris Florentina (Orris-root) ...	Begbanofsha.
Juniperus— <i>fructus</i> ...	Hubaber, Abhul.
Laurus Camphora ...	Koppoor.
Ligusticum Ajowan— <i>semina</i> ...	Ajawain.
Limones ...	Kurwa Neemboo.
Linum Usitatissimum ...	Teesie, Ulsee Mushina.
Lithargyrum ...	Mudar-Sung.
Luffa echinata ...	Bundul.
Mangifera Indica ...	Am-ka gootlee, Amar-kussee.
Manna Officinalis ...	Sheerkhist.
Maranta Arundinacea ...	Urooroot.
Matricaria Suaveolens— <i>flores</i> ...	Gooli Baboona.
Mel ...	Shahd, Modhu.
Melia Azadirachta ...	Neem.
Meloe Cichorii, <i>vice</i> Cantharis ...	Telee, Telini.
Mentha Sativa ...	Poodeena.
Minium ...	Sindoor.
Momordica Charantia ...	Kureyla.
Moringa Pterygosperma ...	Sujeena.
Mucuna Pruriens ...	Alkushi, Kiwachi.
Myrica Sapida— <i>cortex</i> ...	Kayaphul.
Myristica Moschata— <i>fructus</i> ...	Jyphul aur Jeytree.
Nardostachys Jatamansi— <i>radix</i> ...	Jatamansee, Balkur Sumbul.

APPENDIX D—continued.

LATIN NAMES.	HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.
Narthex ¹ Assafoetida (Gum)	Hing.
Nerium Odorum— <i>radix</i>	Kanel, Kaner, Sheth — Karoobi.
Nicotiana Tabacum— <i>folia</i>	Tumbakoo.
Ocimum Basilicum et Sanctum	Sufaid aur kala Toolsee.
Oldenlandia Biflora	Khetpapura.
Oleum Carthami	Khurka-ka Tail.
„ Cedri Deodarae	Kelon-ka Tail.
„ Cocosnuciferae	Nareeul-ka Tail.
„ Lini	Teesie-ka Tail.
„ Papaveris	Post-ka Tail.
„ Ricini	Rindee-ka Tail.
„ Rosae	Uttr.
„ Sesammi...	Til-ka Tail.
„ Sinapis	Kurroah Tail.
Ophelia Chiretta	Cheretta.
Opium	Afeem.
Papaver Somniferum (<i>capsula</i>)	Donda Post, Posto Dheree.
Pastinaca Opoponax (Gum)	Jawasheer.
Pedaliu Murex	Burro Gokhura.
Pharbitis Nil (?)	Kaladana.
„ Shapussundoo	Shapasandoo.
Phyllanthus Urinaria	Hajur Moni.
Pimpinella Involucrata— <i>semina</i>	Aneesoon.
Pinus Longifolia— <i>resina</i>	Gunda-beroza Cheer, Surul.
Piper Cubeba	Kabub-Cheenee.
„ Longum	Peeplamoor, Pipula Moola.
„ Nigrum	Gol-merich.
Pistacia Lentiscus (Mastic)	Roomee Mustukie.
Plantago Ispaghula	Isufgol.
Plumbago Rosea	Lal Chittra.
„ Zeylanica	Chitta.
Pneumonanthe Kurroo	Kurroo.
Polynemus Plebeus (Isinglass)	Sala Mach.
Potassæ Nitras	Shora.
Prunus Bokhariensis	Aloobokhara.
Psoralea Corylifolia	Bacchee Hacooh.
Pterocarpus Santalinus— <i>lignum</i>	Rukhto-chundun.
Punica Granatum— <i>radicis cortex</i> (Anthelmintic)	Anar-ka-jur-ka Chilka.
Quercus Infectoria (Gallæ)	Majoophul.
Rheum— <i>radix</i>	Rewund Chenee.
Rottlera Tinctoria (Anthelmintic)	Kameyla, kamala-gooree.
Sagus Lævis— <i>farina</i>	Sagu, Saokke.
Salix Babylonica	Bet mujnou, Leelie Mujnou.
Sapindus Emarginatus (<i>fructus</i>)	Reetha.
Scilla Indica— <i>bulbus</i>	Koondree, Kundaree, Junglee peeaz.
Semecarpus Anacardium	Bhalatuk, Bhela.
Shorea Robusta— <i>resina</i>	Ral sufaid aur zurd Dhoona.
Sinapis— <i>semina</i>	Benarsie rai, khardil, Sursun.
Sisymbrium Iris	Kaksie, Khoob Kullan.
Smilax China	Chobcheenee.
Sodæ Biboras	Sohaga, Tincal.
„ Carbonas	Sujjee Muttie.
„ Sulphas	Khurree Muttie.
„ Murias	Nimuck.
Soymida (swietenia) Febrifuga	Rohun.
Strychnos Nux-Vomica (<i>semina</i>)	Koochila.
„ Potatorum	Nirmalee, Induga.
„ Ignatii	Papeeta.
Styrax Officinale	Ustoruk, Loban.
Sulphur	Gundhuk.
Tamarindus Indica	Imlie, Tinteria, Tentool.
Terminalia Bellerica— <i>fructus</i>	Bahera.
„ Chebulla	Hur, Hurra, Hurree-tukee.
Tricosanthes Dioica	Pulbull.
Uvæ Passæ	Kishmish.
Vateria Indica (Anime, Piney) vice Copal	Sundroos, Kahrooba, Copal.
Vernonia Anthelmintica— <i>semina</i>	Bukehee, Soomraj.
Viola Odorata	Bonofsha.
Wrightia Antidysenterica— <i>cortex et semina</i>	Indurjub, Koorchee.
Zingiber Officinale— <i>radix</i>	Adruk (<i>fresh</i>) Sonth (<i>dry</i>).

APPENDIX D—continued.

Vernacular Index to Articles of Materia Medica procurable in Bazars.

HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.	LATIN NAMES.
Adrak (<i>fresh</i>) Sonth (<i>dry</i>) ...	Zingiber Officinale.
Afeem ...	Opium.
Ajwain ...	Ligusticum Ajowan.
Alkushi, Kiwach ...	Mucuna Pruriens.
Aloobokhara ...	Prunus Bokhariensis.
Am-ka gootlee, Amar-kussee ...	Mangifera Indica.
Amultas-ka phul ...	Cassia Fistula.
Anuntamool ...	Hemidesmus Indicus.
Anar-kee jur-ka Chilka ...	Punica Granatum.
Aneesoon ...	Pimpinella Involucrata.
Anola, Amla ...	Emblica Officinalis.
Aslasoos, Mulatee ...	Glycyrrhiza.
Atees ...	Aconitum Heterophyllum.
Babool-ka Gond ...	Acacia Arabica.
Badam ...	Amygdala.
Baeberung ...	Embelia Robusta.
Bahera ...	Terminalia Bellerica.
Banofsha ...	Viola Odorata.
Begbanofsha ...	Iris Florentina (Orris-root).
Behedanna ...	Cydonia Vulgaris.
Bel ...	Ægle Marmelos.
Benarsie Rai, Khardil ...	Sinapis Juncea.
Benoulla ...	Gossypium Herbaceum.
Bereja ...	Galbanum Officinale.
Bet Munjoo, Lealie Mujnoo ...	Salix Babylonica.
Bhaut ...	Clerodendron Viscosum.
Bhelatuk, Bhela ...	Semecarpus Anacardium.
Bikamalee, Beega Mull ...	Gardenia Lucida.
Bish, Meeta Bish ...	Aconitum Ferox.
Bol, Beeja Bol, Heera Bol ...	Balsamodendron Agallocha.
Boch, Ghorbuch ...	Acorus Calamus.
Bukchee, Soomraj ...	Vernonia Anthelmintica.
Bundal ...	Luffa Echinata.
Burro-Gokhura ...	Pedaliium Murex.
Chaulmoogra ...	Gynocardia Odorata.
Chiretta ...	Ophelia Chiretta.
China-badam ...	Arachis Hypogæa.
Chitta ...	Plumbago Zeylanica.
Chobcheenee ...	Smilax China.
Churrus ...	Cannabis Indica.
Cöila ...	Carbo Ligni.
Columbo ...	Columba Palmatus.
Choonapanee ...	Calceis Liquor.
Dalcheenee ...	Cinnamomum Zeylanicum.
Dhatura ...	Datura Stramonium.
Dhoona Zurd aur Bal safaid ...	Shorea Robusta.
Dhoona, Doona ...	Artemisia Indica.
Dhuneya ...	Coriandrum Sativum.
Donda Post, Posto Dheree ...	Papaver Somniferum—Capsula.
Elwa, Mussabbur, Ghritoomori ...	Aleos Indica.
Gajur ...	Daucus Carota.
Gholab Panee ...	Aqua Rosarum.
Gol Morich ...	Piper Nigrum.
Googul-ka Gond ...	Balsamodendron Agallocha.
Gooli Baboona ...	Matricaria Suaveolens.
Goolkund ...	Conserva Rosæ.
Gulancha, Neemgiloh ...	Cocculus Cordifolius.
Gunda-beroza ...	Pinus Longifolia, Boswellia Thurifera.
Gundhuk ...	Sulphur.
Gurgun Têl ...	Dipterocarpus levis.
Heerakus ...	Ferri Sulphas.
Hing ...	Narthex Assafoetida (Gum).
Hajur Moni ...	Phyllanthus Urinaria.
Hubaber ...	Juniperus.
Huldi, Haridra ...	Curcuma Longa.
Hur, Hurra, Hurritukee ...	Terminalia Chebulla.
Illachee ...	Elettaria Cardamomum.
Imlie, Tentool ...	Tamarindus Indica.

APPENDIX D.—continued.

HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.	LATIN NAMES.
Inderjab ...	Wrightia Antidysenterica.
Indrayun Bisthombee ...	Cucumis Colocynthis.
Isharmool ...	Aristolochia Indica.
Isufghol ...	Plantago Ispaghula.
Jaephul aur Jeytree ...	Myristica Moschata.
Jatamansi, Balkur ...	Nardostachys Jatamansi.
Jawasheer ...	Pastinaca Opoponax.
Jonk ...	Hirudo Medicinalis.
Jumalgota, Hubbisalateen ...	Croton Tiglium.
Kabab-cheenee ...	Piper Cubeba.
Kagazee-Neemboo ...	Citrus Vulgaris.
Kahroaba, Sundroos ...	Vateria Indica.
Kaksie Khoobkullan ...	Sisymbrium Iris.
Kakmari ...	Cocculus Indicus.
Kaladana ...	Pharbitis Nil. (?)
Kalmeg ...	Andrographis Paniculata.
Kameyla ...	Rottlera Tinctoria.
Kaner, Kanel ...	Nerium Odorum.
Karowla ...	Momordica Charantia.
Kasnee-ka Beej ...	Cichorium Intybus.
Kayaphul ...	Myrica Sapida.
Kelon-ka Tail ...	Oleum Cedri Deodaræ.
Kharee Muttie ...	Sodæ Sulphas.
Khorasane Ajwain ...	Hyoseyamus Niger.
Khurka-ka Tail ...	Oleum Carthami.
Khurra Muttie ...	Creta Preparata.
Kishmish ...	Uvæ Passæ.
Kotilla ...	Asrtagalus Verus.
Koochila ...	Strychnas Nux Vomica.
Koondarie, Kundarie, Junglee Peeaz ...	Scilla Indica.
Kootkie Kurroo ...	Gentiana Kurroo.
Koppoor ...	Laurus Camphora.
Kunkoor ...	Cucumis Utilissimus.
Kurroah Tail ...	Oleum Sinapis.
Kurroo ...	Pneumonanthe Kurroo.
Kutera or Kutela-ka Gond ...	Cochlospermum Gossypium.
Kuth, Khyer ...	Acacia Catechu.
Kuth-Kurinja ...	Guilandina Bonducella.
Kuwa ...	Coffea Arabica.
Lal Merich ...	Capsicum Annuum.
Lal-chittra ...	Plumbago Rosea.
Lalitapat ...	Corechorus Olitorius.
Loban (Gonda Beroza) ...	Boswellia Thurifera (Gum Resin).
Long, Lavanga ...	Carvophyllus Aromaticus.
Moonchal ...	Arsenicum Bisulphuretum.
Majoophul ...	Quercus Infectoria (Gallæ).
Maror phullie ...	Helicteres Isora.
Mismeteeta ...	Coptis Teeta.
Mudar-ka-Jur ...	Calotropos Gigantea.
Mudar Sung ...	Lithargyrum.
Mulatee, Goonch ...	Abrus Precatorius.
Mussubbar, Elwa, Ghritokoomari ...	Alee Indica.
Nareeul-ka Tail ...	Oleum Cocos Nucifera.
Narungee ...	Citrus Aurantium.
Nausadur ...	Ammonia Hydrochoras.
Neel ...	Indigofera Tinctoria.
Neela Tootya ...	Cupri Sulphas.
Neem ...	Azadirachta Indica.
Neemooka ...	Cissampelos Hexandra.
Nesot, Joorbud Teoree ...	Ipomoe Turpethum.
Nimuck ...	Sodæ Murias.
Nirmalee, Induga ...	Strychnos Potatorum.
Oosak, Ushk ...	Dorema Ammoniacum.
Oosara Rewund, Gamboge ...	Hebradendron Cambogioides (Gum Resin).
Papeeta ...	Strychnos Ignatii.
Para ...	Hydrargyrum.
Patung ...	Hæmatoxylum.
Phitkarie, Fotekeeree ...	Alumen Sulph.
Pikhun, Pakhun, Bed ...	Gentiana.

APPENDIX D—concluded.

HINDUSTANI AND BENGALI NAMES.	LATIN NAMES.
Pipula, Moola ...	Piper Longum.
Poodeena ...	Mentha Sativa.
Post-ka Tail ...	Oleum Papaveris.
Pulass or Dhak-ke Beej ...	Butea Frondosa.
Pulbull ...	Tricosanthes Dioica.
Ral sufaid, Zurd Dhoona ...	Shorea Robusta.
Rasout ...	Berberis Lycium (Extract).
Rewund Chenec ...	Rheum.
Reetha ...	Sapindus Emarginatus.
Rindee-ka Tail ...	Oleum Ricini.
Rohun ...	Soymida, Swietenia Febrifuga.
Roomer Mustukie ...	Pistacia Lentiscus (Mastic).
Rukhto-chundun ...	Pterocarpus Santalinus.
Ruska-poor ...	Hydrargyrum Bichloridum.
Sagu, Saakee ...	Sagus Lævis.
Sala-Mach ...	Polynemus Plebeus (Isinglass).
Salib Misree ...	Enlophia Radix (Salep).
Sewtie Goolkund ...	Conserva Rosæ Glanduliferæ.
Seeah Zeerah ...	Carum Nigrum.
Senna Mukkee ...	Casia Elongata.
Shahd, Modhu ...	Mel.
Sheerkhist ...	Manna Officinalis.
Shingruf Hingool ...	Hydrargyri Persulphuretum.
Shora ...	Potassæ Nitras.
Sindoor ...	Minium.
Sirka ...	Acetum.
Sissoo ...	Dalbergia Sissoo.
Sohaga ...	Sodæ Biboras.
Sonf Panmouri ...	Fœniculum Vulgare.
Sookh dursun ...	Crinum Asiaticum.
Somraj ...	Vernonia Anthelmintica.
Sooranjān Tulkh ...	Colchicum.
Soya-ka Beej ...	Anethum.
Sufaid Môm ...	Cera Alba.
Sujjee Muttie ...	Sodæ Carbonas.
Sukmooneya, Muhoomda ...	Convolvulus Scammonia.
Sumbulkar, Summulkar ...	Arsenicum Album.
Sundroos, Kahrooba Copal ...	Vateria Indica.
Suparie ...	Areca Catechu.
Surma ...	Antimonii Sulphuretum.
Sussa, Khera ...	Cucumis Sativus.
Teesie, Ulsee, Moshno ...	Linum Usitatissimum.
Teesie-ka Tail ...	Oleum Lini.
Tejpat, Tauz ...	Cinnamomum Albiflorum.
Telee, Telini ...	Meloe Cichorii, vice Cantharis.
Til-ka Tail ...	Oleum Sesami.
Toolsee, sufaid aur kala ...	Ocimum Basilicum et Sanctum.
Tumbakoo ...	Nicotiana Tabacum.
Uroo Root ...	Maranta Arundinacea.
Uruq Nana ...	Acetum distillatum.
Ustoruk ...	Styrax Officinale.
Zerah, sufaid ...	Cuminum.
Zungul Zungar ...	Aerugo.
Zurd Mom ...	Cera Flava.

APPENDIX E.

List of Medicines that may ordinarily be indented for from the Government Stores.

MEDICINES.

Acet. Scillæ	...	...
Acid Carbolic, glacial	...	...
" Gallie	...	...
" Hydrochloric	...	...
" Nitric	...	...
" Sulphuric	...	...
Aloes Socotrina	...	...
Ammonia Carbonas	...	...
Antim. Taratratum	...	...
Argent Nitras	...	...
Chloral Hydrate	...	...
Chloroform	...	...
Chlorodyne (Hyper-chlorodyne)	...	...
Cinchona febrifuge*	...	...
Copaiba	...	...
Creta. praep.	...	...
Emplastrum Cantharidis	...	...
" Rasinæ	...	...
Ergota	...	...
Extract Belladonnae	...	...
" Colocynth Co.	...	...
Ferri Peroxid	...	...
Hydrag Chloridum	...	...
" Corrosive sublim.	...	...
" Iodum Rubrum	...	...
Ipecac Rad. pulv.	...	...
Kamala	...	...
Liniment. Opii	...	...
" Saponis	...	...
Liq. Ammoniae	...	...
" Arsenicalis	...	...
" Potassæ	...	...
Magnesiae Carbonas	...	...
" Sulphas	...	...
Morphiae Hydrochlor.	...	...
Ol. Croton	...	...
" Menthae pip.	...	...
" Ricini, bottles	...	...
" Terebinth	...	...
Opium	...	...
Pil. Hydrarg	...	...
Plumbi Acetas	...	...
Potassii Iodidum	...	...
" Bromidum	...	...
Pulv Cretæ Aromat.	...	...
" Ipecac. C. Opio	...	...
Quiniae Sulphas	...	...
Rhei Rad. pulv.	...	...
Santonine	...	...
Scillæ Rad. pulv.	...	...
Sennae Fol.	...	...
Sodae Bicarbonas	...	...
Spt. Ammon. Aromat.	...	...
" Æther Nitrosi	...	...
" Ætheris	...	...
Tinct. Camphor. Cum Opio.	...	...
" Catechu	...	...
" Ferri Perchlorid.	...	...
" Opii	...	...
Ungt. Hydrarg. Fort.	...	...
" " Nitrat	...	...
" Resinæ	...	...
Vinum Ipecac.	...	...
" Opii	...	...
Zinci Sulphas	...	...

* A separate indent in duplicate on the Government Quinologist should be submitted for cinchona febrifuge.

Other medicines may be allowed, but only under special sanction of the Surgeon-General and on good reasons being shown for their being required.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 9 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Howrah :—

Local Board.	Thana for which elected.	Names of members.
Sudder or Howrah ...	{ Domejoor ...	{ Baboo Shoshi Bhoosun Banerjee.
		{ „ Mohendra Nath Dutt.
	{ Juggutbullubhpore	{ Nobo Kumar Chakrabarti.
		{ „ Kisto Chunder Shaha.
		{ „ Heera Lall Bose.
Oolooberiah ...	{ Oolooberiah ...	{ „ Gopal Chunder Mitter.
		{ „ Tin Cowrie Ghose.
	{ Ampta ...	{ „ Moni Mohan Ghose.
		{ „ Sharada Kumar Bose.
	{ Bagnan ...	{ „ Umesh Chandra Bose.
		{ „ Hem Chandra Ghosh.
	{ Shampore ...	{ „ Jogendra Nath Mittra.
		{ „ Norendra Narayan Kar.
		{ „ Ishan Chunder Dutt.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed under section 11 of the Act to be members of the Local Boards in the district :—

Local Board.	Names of members.
Howrah or Sudder ...	{ Baboo Shib Charan Mullick.
	{ „ Hara Nand Shaha.
	{ Moulvie Ghaznuffer Ali.
Oolooberiah ...	{ Baboo Udoy Chand Palit.
	{ „ Kasi Nath Mitter.
	{ „ Doorga Prosanna Misser.
	{ „ Girish Chandra Roy Chowdhry.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been appointed, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, to be Commissioners of the Kendrapara Municipality, in the district of Cuttack :—

Baboo Hemanta Kumar Mukerjee, *vice* Baboo Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.
Munshi Warish Ally, *vice* Kazi Goribulla.
Mohunt Runga Ramanuj Das, *vice* Mohunt Gobinda Ramanuj Das.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, Baboo Kali Das Bhattacharji has been elected a Commissioner for Ward No. V of the Baraset Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Judu Nath Mukerji, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mundal Abul Khair Mohammed Siddiq to be a Commissioner for the Dacca Municipality, *vice* Dr. P. K. Roy, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, Moonshi Roisuddeen Mundal has been elected a Commissioner for Ward No. I of the North Dum-Dum Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Moonshi Azimuddee Mundal, deceased.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed Commissioners of the Purulia Municipality, in the district of Manbhoom, *vice* Baboo Ram Newaz Sarkar and Moulvie Afzul Hossein, who have ceased to be Commissioners under section 20 of the Act:—

Ward No. 1.

Baboo Ram Charan Singhee.

Ward No. III.

Baboo Chandra Sekhar Tewari.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the Management of the Charitable Dispensary at Kurigram in the district of Rungpore : —

Baboo Sharada Prosad Chatterjee, First Munsif

Mr. Syed Abdur Rahaman, Second Munsif

Baboo Prosunno Chunder Roy

„ Kailash Chunder Sanyal

Poresh Nath Dé

„ Jadava Nunda Chuckerbutty

Moonshee Atar Mahomed

Asghar Ali

Baboo Govinda Nath Chuckerbutty

„ Lukhi Kant Sircar

Moonshee Debiruddin Ahmed

Baboo Bepin Mohun Shehanavis

... }
... }
... }
... }
... }
... } *Members.*

... *Member and Secretary.*

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, Baboo Ram Chandra Mukerji has been elected a Commissioner for Ward No. I of the Nuddea Municipality, *vice* Baboo Brishingha Prosad Das, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that Baboo Rasik Lall Kundu has been elected, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, to be a Commissioner for Ward No. III of the Kushtea Municipality, in the district of Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Borada Das Bose, resigned.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—The Reverend W. H. Bray is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Eden Sanitarium, Darjeeling, *vice* the Reverend J. O. F. Willcocks.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—Whereas a notification, dated the 12th May 1886, was published at page 130, Part 1B of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of Part IX of Act III (B.C.) of 1884 to the Balasore Municipality, and whereas no objection has been raised within one month from the date of the publication of the above notification within the Municipality, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 221 of the Act, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the extension of the provisions of the above part to the said Municipality.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—Whereas a notification, dated the 1st May 1886, announcing the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm the following bye-laws framed by the Commissioners of the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 122, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the bye-laws in question, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the bye-laws:—

For regulating the conduct of business at meetings.

1. The day of the meeting shall ordinarily be the second Tuesday in every month, unless the Chairman for any special reason fix any other day. A notice signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be circulated at least three days before the day of the meeting.

2. A list of business to be transacted at the meeting shall accompany the notice, and no matter which is not contained in such list shall be brought forward for discussion at any meeting unless with the consent of the majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting.

3. Any member wishing to bring any proposition before the Commissioners at a meeting shall give written notice to the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of his intention to do so, and such proposition shall be included in the next list of business which may be prepared after the receipt of the notice.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting the taxes.

4. Every collecting officer shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show his certificate if required.

5. Every collecting officer receiving any money in payment of any demand shall give a receipt for it.

6. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in section 356 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue.

Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

7. Payment of purchase-money for property sold and the delivery of the property shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same day or on any other day, of which due notice shall be given, and the former purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

8. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

9. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to any office under the Commissioners, shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix, and any person failing to furnish such security within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

10. The Commissioners shall have power to inflict for neglect of duty a fine not exceeding one month's pay upon any person employed by them.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

11. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within two hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report the death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at the rate of Rs. 2 for a large and annas 8 for a small animal; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

12. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

13. All dust, dirt, and rubbish of every kind, the removal of which is undertaken by the Municipal Commissioners, shall be deposited between the hours of 4 A.M. and 8 A.M. on the side of the road near the entrance of the premises from which it has come.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

14. No refuse resulting from any business, trade, or profession shall be removed by the Municipal Commissioners, except on payment for removal at the rates mentioned below—

	Rs.	A.	P.
From hackney carriage stable-keepers, keeping 4 to 7 horses or ponies	1	0	0 per quarter.
For every additional 4 horses or ponies an additional rate of	1	0	0 "
From milkmen keeping 8 cows	1	0	0 "
For additional 8 cows an additional fee of	1	0	0 "
From owners of bazars for the sale of fish, vegetables, &c.	3	0	0 "
From keepers of lodging-houses	1	0	0 "
From owners of distilleries	3	0	0 "

And any expense incurred on this account shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

For the regulation and management of privies.

15. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the municipality to his house, land, or premises for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

16. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide it with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

17. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice, and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expenses incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

18. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or to be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation, or any place containing waste and stagnant water, or into any other receptacle but one of the nature described in bye-law No. 16.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

19. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

20. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets, except between the hours of 3 A.M. and 7 A.M., or otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be from time to time required by the Municipal Commissioners, or use any places other than those approved by the Commissioners for the purpose of depositing such night-soil.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

21. No person shall perform any office of nature in any place outside private premises other than such as may have been appointed by the Commissioners, provided that such places have been set apart by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating traffic in the streets.

22. All wheeled vehicles plying between dusk and dawn shall carry conspicuous lights except on bright moonlight nights.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

23. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

The penalty for disobedience on the owner's part shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating or prohibiting the use of fireballons, fireworks, firearms, or missiles in the vicinity of public roads.

24. No one shall let off any fireballons, fireworks, firearms, or any missiles in or near a public street without the written consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating cremation and burials.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a burial-ground, in a grave constructed of masonry, in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than four feet from the surface ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

26. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial-ground, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than five feet deep.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial-ground at a less distance than four feet from any other existing grave.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

28. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

29. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

30. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning-ground, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within six hours after its arrival at the said burning-ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

31. Every person bringing a corpse for cremation at any registered burning ghât shall be bound to pay a fee of 10 annas.

Penalty for infringement fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

32. No person when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning-ground shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes; or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning-ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

33. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

34. No person while carrying any corpse, or part of a corpse, through the precincts falling with municipal limits shall, except for the purpose of ordinary relief, deposit it on or near any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

35. Every corpse, or part of a corpse, that has been kept or used for purposes of dissection must be removed in a closed vehicle.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Miscellaneous bye-laws.

36. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building, any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Re. 1 daily.

37. No person shall construct or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 3 daily.

38. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

39. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

40. No person shall steep in any tank, ditch, water-course or river within municipal limits any jute, hemp, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such tank ditch, water-course or river offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

41. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any public nullah or water-course, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on ground of public health.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 4 daily.

42. No person shall allow any pigs to be at large, or keep them otherwise than in closed styes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

43. No person shall in any way obstruct, or allow to be obstructed, any of the lanes, walks, bye-ways, or other thoroughfares in any bazar, by exposing goods for sale, or accumulating anything on any such lane, walk, bye-way, or thoroughfare.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

44. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn out animal into any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

45. Any person required by the Act or by any bye-law under it to take out a license shall produce and show his license when required to do so by any Commissioner, or any person duly empowered by the Commissioners in writing to make such requisition.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

46. No person shall tether cattle, goats, or other animals, or cause them to be tethered on any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

47. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

48. Any one violating an order by the Commissioners under section 236 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for such infringement, and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 daily for infringement after notice.

49. No cart laden with bamboos, or long planks, or any such materials over 12 feet in length, shall traverse the public streets, except with a person in attendance in front, in addition to the driver.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

R. H. Wilson,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 9 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Dacca :—

Local Board.	Name of thana for which elected.	Names of members.
Moonshigunge ...	Moonshigunge	Baboo Mohim Chandra Das.
		Chandra Kumar Mookerjee.
		Raj Kumar Nag.
		Mohim Chandra Mookerjee.
Srinagar ...	Srinagar	Kally Nath Bose.
		Brojo Behar Rai.
		Prosonno Chandra Vidyaratna.
		Kailash Chandra Dutt.
Manickgunge ...	Manickgunge	Jagat Chandra Rai.
		Dwarkanath Chuckerbutty.
		Prasanna Coomar Sen.
		Romoni Kanta Rai.
Jafargunge ...	Jafargunge	Baikanta Nath Ghose.
		Parbati Sankar Rai.
		Dinesh Charan Bose.
		Modan Mohon Mitra.
Harirampore ...	Harirampore	

2. The following gentlemen are appointed under section 11 of the Act to be members of the above Local Boards :—

Moonshigunge ...	...	Baboo Prembinod Pal Chowdhuri.
		Tara Kanth Das.
		Chowdhuri Aminuddin.
		Munshi Khabirulla.
Manickgunge ...	...	Mahomed Yusuf.
		Baboo Bamandas Sen.
		Munshi Nural Islam.
		Moulvi Mahzamuddin.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—Whereas a notification, dated the 3rd June last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm certain bye-laws framed by the Commissioners of the Kotechandpore Municipality, under section 350 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, was published at page 147, Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, and whereas no objection has been raised to the bye-laws in question, it is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers vested in the Local Government by section 351 of the said Act, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Kotechandpore Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the following bye-laws:—

Bye-laws.

FOR REGULATING BURNING-GHATS AND BURIAL-GROUNDS.

1. No person when burning or causing to be burnt any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning-ground, shall permit the same, or any part thereof, or the clothes and other articles appertaining thereto, to remain at the ghât without being completely reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. No person shall remove or sell any clothes or other articles appertaining to a corpse which may have been left at any burial-ground or burning-ghât.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

3. No person shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be covered and concealed from view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

4. No person, while conveying any corpse, or part of a corpse, shall, except for the purpose of ordinary relief, deposit it on or near any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

GENERAL BYE-LAWS.

5. No person shall construct or place over or by the side of any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, and the penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 3 daily.

6. No person shall make a shop over any public drain, or in any way occupy any culvert, bridge, or platform which may have been placed over any public drain without the permission of the Commissioners at a meeting.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

7. No person shall perform any office of nature in any public road or place other than such places as may have been appointed by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

8. No person shall remove from or deposit earth or any other substance in, or make any alteration whatever, in any public drain without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

FOR REGULATING THE DISPOSAL OF OFFENSIVE MATTER, RUBBISH, AND DEAD BODIES OF ANIMALS.

9. The Commissioners may, from time to time, order to be closed and appoint places for the deposit of the carcasses of animals. Any person who shall deposit, or cause to be deposited without special permission, the carcass of any animal in any place other than those that may have been appointed by the Commissioners, or in any place which they may have ordered to be closed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

10. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report its death to the Vice-Chairman, and in such latter case shall pay the expense of removing the carcasses at such rate as the Commissioners may determine, and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense and such expense recoverable as a debt to the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

FOR REGULATING THE TRAFFIC IN THE STREETS.

11. Every carriage plying between dusk and dawn shall carry two conspicuous lights, and every cart shall carry one conspicuous light except on bright moonlight nights.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following rules under clause (k), section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act III (B.C.) of 1885 :—

PART VII.

MEDICAL.

Preliminary.

170. In the following rules the term "District Board," unless there be something repugnant in the context, includes a duly empowered Joint Committee constituted under section 30, and a Local Board duly empowered under section 101.

171. A District Board may appoint a Managing Committee in respect of any hospital or dispensary which is under its control and administration. Such Managing Committee may include persons who are not members of the District Board. The members shall be notified by the Commissioner in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and the Managing Committee shall exercise in respect of the hospital or dispensary for which it is appointed such powers as may be delegated to it by the District Board.

172. No hospital or dispensary shall be established or abolished by the District Board without the previous sanction of the Commissioner. Such sanction may be either general or special.

173. No grant may be made by the District Board in aid of any hospital or dispensary which has not received the recognition of Government and been classified under the rules of the Dispensary Manual. Grants-in-aid shall be made only in accordance with the rules in the Dispensary Manual.

Appointment, Pay, and Leave of Medical Officers.

174. The medical officers of hospitals and dispensaries placed under the control and administration of District Boards under section 66, or provided by District Boards under sections 67 and 68, shall be appointed by the District Board, subject to the following conditions, viz.—

- (a) That any medical officer so appointed must be a duly qualified medical man licensed or certified by a recognized medical college or school, his license or diploma being subject to examination and approval by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals;
- (b) That he be not a dismissed servant of Government or disqualified for his duties by age, infirmity, or character; and
- (c) That in the event of misconduct, insolvency, or professional incompetence by reason of age or otherwise being proved against him to the satisfaction of the Medical Department, he be removed from his charge on the requisition of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

Provided that on the application of the District Board, the services of a Government medical officer may be lent to such institution subject to these rules.

Provided also that no officer of the Government establishment who on the date when these rules come into force in any district is holding medical charge of any hospital or dispensary, the control and administration of which is vested in the District Board of such district, shall be removed from his appointment except with the consent of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

175. In the case of a hospital or dispensary situated at the head-quarters of a sub-division, the services of the Government medical officer in charge of the sub-division will, if the District Board desires it, be made available for the charge of the dispensary in addition to his other duties, on condition that the District Board agrees to pay him an additional allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem if he be a Civil Hospital Assistant, and of Rs. 20 per mensem if he be an Assistant Surgeon. A Government medical subordinate of higher grade will be provided, if the District Board desires it, on payment by the District Board of the full amount by which the authorised pay and allowances of such officer may exceed the amount sanctioned by Government for the medical charge of the sub-division.

176. The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals may at any time, for departmental or other reasons, remove any Government medical subordinate whose services have been lent to a District Board, and with the consent of the District Board may appoint another medical subordinate to succeed him. In every such case, except as hereinafter provided, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by Government.

Provided that if any such officer is transferred at the request of the District Board, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by the District Board.

177. The pay to which a Government medical subordinate in substantive charge of a hospital or dispensary under the management of a District Board is entitled is the pay of his grade in the public service. In the event of his becoming entitled, on promotion, to a higher salary than he has received, the District Board may at its option either (a) retain his services on payment of the higher salary; (b) apply for the services of another officer

of the Government establishment as provided in Rule 174; or (c) appoint its own medical officer subject to the conditions prescribed in that rule. In no case can a Government medical subordinate in charge of a hospital or dispensary be permitted to draw a special consolidated salary or any increase to his emoluments which has not been earned by promotion.

178. Government medical subordinates in charge of hospitals and dispensaries under the management of District Boards shall be entitled to leave under the provisions of the Civil Leave Code. The leave shall be granted by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals after consultation with the District Board. The salary to which the officer may be entitled while on privilege leave shall be paid by the District Board; in all other cases it shall be paid by Government, and the travelling allowances and transit pay of a *locum tenens* under the rule shall be paid by Government.

179. Medical officers not in Government service shall be entitled to leave in accordance with the rules framed by the District Board under clause (g), section 32 of the Act. The leave shall be granted by the District Board, who shall also provide for such extra expenditure as may be incurred on account of the pay of the medical officer while on leave, and the pay and travelling allowance, if any, of his successor.

Medical Stores.

180. District Boards shall have the option of obtaining their medicines and instruments either from the Government stores or from private vendors approved by the Civil Surgeon; provided that a dispensary previously supplied by private vendors shall not indent on the Government stores without the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. In either case the indents of the medical officer must be checked by the Civil Surgeon.

181. Medical stores will be supplied to District Boards from the Medical Store Department at cost price,* but the supply of medicines will ordinarily be confined to the articles specified in the list given in Appendix E of the Dispensary Manual, and it will be in the discretion of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals to sanction or disallow any demand.

182. Medical stores, if required from the Medical Store Department, must be indented for annually, and the annual indent must be submitted on the date fixed by the Civil Surgeon, to enable him to submit the combined indent for his district on the date appointed by Government. Indents delayed beyond the date fixed will not be passed for supply from the Government stores.

Payment for such stores must be made within a month of the receipt of the account by the District Board.

Funds.

183. All subscriptions, donations and the interest on endowments shall be credited to the District Fund, but a separate account of hospital and dispensary receipts and expenditure shall be kept. The endowments and other invested funds of hospitals and dispensaries under the management of District Boards shall be held in the custody of the Comptroller-General apart from the District Fund. The securities shall not be sold, and these invested funds shall not be appropriated or used in any way without the sanction of Government.

Control.

184. The Civil Surgeon of the district shall be the visiting Superintendent of all hospitals and dispensaries under the management of District Boards.

185. The Civil Surgeon shall scrutinize the expenditure and accounts of every hospital and dispensary under the management of a District Board, and shall call the attention of the District Board to any irregularity or other circumstance which in his opinion deserves notice. The District Board shall be bound to consider any communication from the Civil Surgeon, and to afford him full information as to the conduct of the medical officer in charge, and all other matters affecting the welfare of the sick and the management of the institution.

186. A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a District Board, so far as they relate to hospitals and dispensaries, shall be forwarded to the Civil Surgeon.

187. No building for the location of a dispensary or hospital, and no extension to such building, shall be constructed by a District Board until the plan and estimate of such building or extension shall have been approved by the Civil Surgeon, or, if the work is estimated to cost more than Rs. 1,000, by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

Miscellaneous.

188. In all matters not expressly provided for by the foregoing rules, the rules of the Government Dispensary Manual for the time being shall, in so far as they are consistent with these rules and with the Act, apply to all hospitals and dispensaries under the management of District Boards.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 1, Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that all births shall be registered in the places mentioned below with effect from the 1st October next:—

Districts.	Names of places.	Districts.	Names of places.
Burdwan ...	Dainhat.	Jessore ...	Mohepore Municipality.
Howrah ...	Bali Municipality.	Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore "
	{ Baranagore "	Bogra ...	{ Bogra "
	{ Rajpore "		{ Sherepore "
	{ Barripore "	Sonthal Per- { Doomka Town.	
	{ Bussirhat "	gunnahs. { Rajmehal "	
24-Pergunnahs {	Joynugger "		{ Sahibgunge Municipality.
	{ Taki "	Monghyr ...	{ Burhea Town.
	{ Baduria "		{ Shaikpura "
	{ Goberdanga "	Cuttack ...	{ Jajpore Municipality.
	{ South Dum-Dum "		{ Kendrapara "
Khoolna ...	{ Satkhira "	Hazaribagh ...	Chattra "
	{ Chunduria "	Lohardugga ...	Ranchi "
	{ Debhatta "	Manbhoom ...	Purulia "
Nuddea ...	{ Kooshtea "		
	{ Beernagore "		
	{ Nuddea "		

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in exercise of the power conferred on him by section 1 of the Bengal Vaccination Act, V (B.C.) of 1880, to extend the provisions of that Act to the Municipalities mentioned below, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification:—

District.	Name of Municipality.	District.	Name of Municipality.
Hooghly ...	Jehanabad.	Patna ...	{ Behar.
Dinagepore ...	Dinagapore.		{ Barh.
Rajshahye ...	Nattore.	Shahabad ...	{ Buxar.
Pubna ...	Serajgunge.		{ Doomraon.
Darjeeling ...	Kurseong.		{ Sasseram.
Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree.		{ Jugdispore.
			{ Bhubooah.
Dacca ...	{ Dacca.	Durbhunga ...	Madhubani.
	{ Naraingunge.	Mozufferpore ...	{ Sitamarhi.
Furreedpore ...	{ Furreedpore.		{ Lalgunge.
	{ Madaripore.	Sarun ...	{ Chupra.
Backergunge ...	{ Barrisal.		{ Sewan.
	{ Jhallokatti.	Chumparun ...	{ Bettiah.
	{ Nalchitti.		{ Motihari.
	{ Jamalpore.	Maldah ...	English Bazar.
	{ Nusseerabad.	Cuttack ...	{ Jajpore.
Mymensingh ...	{ Sherepore.		{ Kendrapara.
	{ Kishoregunge.	Balasore ...	Balasore.
	{ Bazitpore.	Pooree ...	Pooree.
	{ Mooktagacha.	Hazaribagh ...	Chuttra.
Tipperah ...	{ Commillah.	Lohardugga ...	Ranchi.
	{ Brahmunberiah.	Manbhoom ...	Purulia.
Noakhally ...	Sudharam.		
Chittagong ...	Chittagong.		

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 27, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Brojanath Shamanto to be a Commissioner of the Jehanabad Municipality, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Baboo Khetrath Dutta, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 16, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Preo Nath Mookerjee to be a Commissioner for Ward No. II of the Mozufferpore Municipality, *vice* Baboo Poorna Chundra Mitter, who has ceased to be a Commissioner under section 20 of the Act.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE following Bill is proposed to be introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

A Bill to amend Act IV (B.C.) of 1876.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Bengal Act IV of 1876: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

1. This Act shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. For section 292 of Bengal Act IV of 1876 the following shall be substituted:—

“No person shall sell to the prejudice of the purchaser any article of food which is not of the nature, substance or quality of the article demanded by such purchaser under a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees: Provided that an offence shall not be deemed to be committed under this section in the following cases, that is to say—

(1) Where any matter or ingredient not injurious to health has been added to the food, because the same is required for the production or preparation thereof as an article of commerce, in a state fit for carriage or consumption, and not fraudently to increase the bulk, weight or measure of the food, or conceal the inferior quality thereof;

(2) Where the food is unavoidably mixed with some extraneous matter in the process or collection or preparation.”

The term “food” shall include every article used for food or drink by man other than drugs or water.

In any prosecution under this section it shall be no defence to allege that the purchaser, having

bought only for analysis, was not prejudiced by the sale.

New sections to follow section 292.

3. After section 292 the following sections shall be inserted:—

“292A. No proceedings shall be instituted under the last preceding section except with the permission of the Commissioners granted under the advice of the Health Officer for the time being.”

“292B. The Commissioners, or any person authorized by them in that behalf, may, at all reasonable times, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall or place used for the sale or storage of articles intended for food, and may examine any such articles which may be therein, and if, upon examination, such articles, or any of them, appear to be unfit for food, may seize the same.”

“292C. Upon the seizure of any article of food under the last preceding section, the same may, if the owner or the person in whose possession the same is found consents, be forthwith destroyed or so disposed of as to prevent it being used as food, but if the owner or the person in whose possession the same is found do not consent, then, if it appear to a Magistrate upon sufficient evidence that the same is unfit for food, he shall order the same to be destroyed or so disposed of as to prevent it being used as food, and may impose a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees upon the owner or person in whose possession the same was found, such person not being merely a carrier or bailee thereof.”

“292D. If the Commissioners or any person authorized by them in that behalf shall apply to purchase any article of food exposed to sale, and shall tender the price for a quantity not more than shall be reasonably requisite for the purpose of analysis and the person exposing the same for sale shall refuse to sell the same, such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th September 1886.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. George Fraser, of the Sirni Indigo Factory, to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Burhurwa Dispensary, in the district of Chumparun, *vice* Mr. W. H. Irwin.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th September 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 9 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Rajshahye :—

Local Board.	Thana for which elected.	Names of members.
Rampore Beauléah...	{ Sudder or Beauléah	{ Moulvie Mahomed Taher.
	{ Pooteah	{ Baboo Brajagopal Bagchi, M.A., B.L.
	{ Charghat	{ " Jadunandan Sen.
	{ Godagari	{ " Harichurn Moitra.
	{ Tanore	{ " Tarankrishna Bhoomick.
Nattore	{ Bagmara	{ " Hari Lal Ghosal.
	{ Nattore	{ " Jagat Mohun Chowdhury.
	{ Boraigong	{ " Kishori Mohun Chowdhury,
	{ Shingra	{ M.A., B.L.
	{ Lallpore	{ Kumar Shashi Shikareswar Roy.
Nowgong	{ Nowgong	{ Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdhury.
	{ Panchoopore	{ " Raj Kumar Sircar.
		{ " Durga Gobinda Chowdhury.
		{ " Jadub Chunder Bishi.
		{ " Troilokyanath Neogy.
		{ Kumar Romanikanta Roy.
		{ Baboo Taranath Chowdhury.
		{ " Sreeram Mozumdar.
		{ Mr. E. A. Lang.
		{ Baboo Shoshi Bhusan Roy.
		{ " Krishna Dhone Bagchi.
		{ " Bany Madhub Shah.
		{ " Kishorinath Chowdhury.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen under section 10 of the Act to be members of the Nowgong Local Board for the thana of Manda :—

Baboo Shibeswar Ray.

| Baboo Ramjoy Bagchi.

The following gentlemen are appointed under section 11 of the Act to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Rajshahye :—

Local Board.	Names of members.
Rampore Beauléah	{ Baboo Rajendranath Ghose, M.A., B.L., Deputy
	{ Magistrate and Deputy Collector.
	{ Baboo Kedareswar Acharjea, M.B.
	{ Shah Zohural Hossain.
Nattore	{ The Head Master of the Colligate School, <i>ex-officio</i> .
	{ Khundkar Mahomed Tousekal Islam.
	{ The Sub-Deputy Collector, <i>ex-officio</i> .
	{ Moulvie Fazlar Rahaman Khan Chowdhury.
Nowgong	{ The Medical Officer in charge of the Charitable
	{ Dispensary at Dighaputtea, <i>ex-officio</i> .
	{ Baboo Troilakyanath Goswami.
	{ Baboo Shib Chunder Shome.
	{ " Koilash Chunder Khan.
	{ The Hospital Assistant in medical charge of the
	{ sub-division, <i>ex-officio</i> .

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th September 1886.—It is hereby notified that, under section 9 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Pubna.

Local Board.	Thana for which elected.	Names of members.
Pubna	Pubna	Baboo Chitanya Charan Shah.
		„ Radha Raman Shah.
	Dulai	„ Krishna Lall Munshee.
		„ Digambar Talukdar.
	Mathura	„ Jadub Chunder Roy.
Sirajgunge	Chatmohur	„ Rupendra Narayan Roy.
		„ Nagendranath Sanyal.
	Sirajgunge	„ Gobinda Kant Bidyabhusan.
		„ Jadab Chunder Bhuttaoharjea.
	Shahjadpore	„ Kailash Chunder Pramanick.
		„ Krishna Bandhu Bhaduri.
	Ullapara	„ Chunder Narayan Ghosh.
	Raigunge	„ Grish Chunder Roy.
		„ Kailash Chunder Shah.
		„ Kashi Nath Chakravarti.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint, under section 10 of the Act, Baboo Utshab Narayan Chukravarti to be a member of the Sirajgunge Local Board for the thana of Raigunge.

The following gentlemen are appointed, under section 11 of the Act, to be members of the several Local Boards in the district of Pubna:—

Local Board.	Names of members.
Pubna	Baboo Grish Chunder Roy.
	„ Protap Chunder Roy.
	„ Jagat Chunder Roy.
Sirajgunge	Moulvi Mohomeduddin Ahmed alias Hiderjan Chowdhury.
	Baboo Paran Chunder Pakrashi.
	„ Krishna Bandhu Roy.
	The Assistant Surgeon in medical charge of the sub-division, <i>ex-officio</i> .
	Kazi Inaet Ullah Chowdhury.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 28th August 1886.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a new road between Rattun Sircar's Garden Street and Sobharam Bysack's Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land No. 13, Sobharam Bysack's Street in the Town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, measuring, more or less, 8 chittacks and 25 square feet only, is required.

The land is bounded as follows:—

Portion marked A on plan, i.e., the north-western portion of the premises.—On the north by premises No. 5, Ganguly's Lane and No. 16, Rattun Sircar's Garden Street; on the south and west by portion of premises No. 4, Ganguly's Lane made over by the owner to the Corporation; and on the east partly by premises No. 16, Rattun Sircar's Garden Street and partly by portion of premises No. 13, Sobharam Bysack's Street.

Portion marked B on plan, i.e., the portion to the south-east of A.—On the north, east, and south by portions of premises No. 13, Sobharam Bysack's Street; and on the west by portion of premises No. 4, Ganguly's Lane made over to the Corporation.

A plan and specification of the land are filed in the Office of the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 31st August 1886.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Bhagulpore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., in connection with the water-supply scheme of the Bhagulpore Municipality, in the village of Barari, pergunnah Oolgong, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 31 bighas 11 cottahs 14½ chittacks of standard measurement is required. The boundaries of the land are as follows:—

Plot 1.—On the north the river Ganges; on the east the bungalow (with compound) of Mr. Cohen now occupied by Mr. Faulkner, and the road thereto; on the south the jote of Dina Nath Jha in the zemiindari of the Barari Thakoors; and on the west nullahs and low ground.

Plot 2.—A strip of land connecting plot 1 with plot 3. On the north Plot 1; on the east the jote of Dina Nath Jha, the road to Mr. Cohen's bungalow and kamat land of the Barari Thakoors; on the south Plot 3; and on the west the jote of Makhan.

Plot 3.—On the north Plot 2 and lane leading to Barari and kamat land of the Barari Thakoors; on the east kamat land of the Barari Thakoors; on the south Trigonometrical Survey Bench mark and jail tanks; and on the west Government land in possession of the Jail Department.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

DISTRICT OF NUDDEA.

The 31st August 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Nuddea have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF RUNGPORE.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Rungpore have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF JESSORE.

The 2nd September 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Jessore have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF RAJSHAHYE.

The 4th September 1886.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Rajshahye have determined to levy road cess for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1886, at the maximum rate of six pies, or two pice, on each rupee of the annual value of lands, and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division is hereby published for general information.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th August 1886.—Baboo Shama Koomud Mookerjee is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Purneah District Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Rojoni Kumar Dutt, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1886 —The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be members of the Rungpore District Road Committee :—

- (1) Baboo Janoki Ballob Sen, Zemindar.
- (2) Moulvi Syed Abool Hayet, Ditto.
- (3) Baboo Guroo Prassanna Lahiree, Ditto.
- (4) „ Peary Mohun Bose, Zemindar's Agent.

Baboo Poornoo Nath Ghosal, Superintendent of the Bamundanga zemindari, is appointed to be a member, *vice* Baboo Noboddip Shaw.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—Baboo Sri Mohun Thakar is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Sudder Branch Road Committee, Bhagulpore.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd August 1886.—Baboo Soorjo Coomar Sen, Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Jessore District Road Committee, *vice* Baboo Chandi Das Ghosh, transferred.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1886.

PART IB.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd September 1886.—The following revised rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision are published for general information in supersession of the Dispensary Manual issued in September 1881.

R. H. WILSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVISED DISPENSARY MANUAL.

PRELIMINARY.

In these rules—

- (a) "Local authority" means any body of persons for the time being invested by law with the control and administration of any matters within a specified local area.
- (b) "Local fund" means any fund under the control or management of a local authority.

CLASSIFICATION.

RULE 1.—Hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision shall be divided into the following classes :—

CLASS I.—*State hospitals and dispensaries*, including all institutions maintained by Provincial Funds and under Government management. (The fact that an institution is possessed of endowments, or receives contribution from local funds or private subscriptions, does not remove it from this category so long as Provincial Funds are practically responsible for all the charges connected with it.)

CLASS II.—*Local Fund institutions*, including all institutions which are placed under the control and administration of local authorities, or guaranteed or maintained by local funds. (The fact that such an institution is aided by private subscriptions, or receives assistance from Government in the shape of part of the salary of the medical officer, grants of medicine, or otherwise, does not remove it from this category so long as its existence is practically dependent upon local funds.)

CLASS III.—*Private institutions*. This class is subdivided into—

- (A)—Institutions maintained entirely at the cost of private individuals or associations or from private endowments. (The fact that Government supplies superior inspection or registers does not remove an institution from this category.)
- (B)—Institutions supported by private subscriptions or endowments, but receiving aid from Government or local funds.

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH GOVERNMENT AID AND SUPERVISION WILL BE GIVEN

RULE 2.—No hospital or dispensary shall be established in Class I, and no aid shall be granted from Provincial revenues to any hospital or dispensary in Class II or Class III, without the previous sanction of Government. No hospital or dispensary shall be established in or removed from Class II, or transferred to this class from Class III, without the previous sanction of the Commissioner. No private institution shall be brought into Class III, or receive supervision or aid from Government, except with the sanction of the Commissioner, and in accordance with these rules. No private institution not included in Class III shall receive aid from Government or local funds. Any institution in Class III may be withdrawn therefrom at any time at the option of the owners or supporters, but shall, on being so withdrawn, cease to receive supervision or aid from Government or local funds.

RULE 3.—Applications for the sanction of the Commissioner under Rule 2 in respect of any hospital or dispensary shall be submitted through the Magistrate of the district concerned. On receipt of such an application, it shall rest with the Commissioner to accept, modify, or reject the proposals which it contains, and to pass such other order as he shall think fit. The Lieutenant-Governor reserves the right to withdraw his sanction, supervision, or aid in the event of a dispensary not continuing to serve adequately the purposes of a *bond fide* public charity, or if its continuance appears otherwise undesirable.

RULE 4.—A guarantee bond, in the form prescribed in Appendix A, must be executed by the intending supporters of an institution in Class III.

RULE 5.—The Managing Committee of every hospital or dispensary under these rules, whether in Class I, Class II, or Class III, shall submit to the Medical Department, through the Civil Surgeon of the district, such reports, returns, and accounts as may be prescribed from time to time. Such reports, returns, and accounts shall be in such forms, and be submitted on such dates, as may be prescribed. All books, registers, and forms which may be necessary for the preparation and submission of such reports, returns, and accounts will be supplied by Government free of cost.

RULE 6.—Every institution which is recognised by Government and brought under these rules is subject to inspection and supervision by the Commissioner of the Division, by the civil authorities of the district, by the Civil Surgeon, by the administrative officers of the Medical Department, and by any other person who may be generally or specially appointed in that behalf. No charge will be made for such inspection or supervision.

RULE 7.—Government aid to a hospital or dispensary will be conditional on the observance of due economy in the management of the dispensary funds. The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals will bring to the notice of the Commissioner any instance in which he considers that such economy is not observed.

APPOINTMENT, PAY, LEAVE AND PENSION OF MEDICAL OFFICERS.

RULE 8.—The medical officer of every institution in Class I of these rules shall be taken from the Government establishment, and shall be appointed by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 9.—The local authority or Managing Committee vested with the control and administration of an institution in Class II, and the Managing Committee of an institution in Class III, shall be entitled to appoint their own medical officer, subject to the following conditions, viz.—

- (a) that he be a duly qualified medical man, licensed or certified by a recognised medical college or school, his license or diploma being subject to examination and approval by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals;
- (b) that he be not a dismissed servant of Government, or disqualified for his duties by age, infirmity, or character; and
- (c) that in the event of misconduct, insolvency, or professional incompetence by reason of age or otherwise, being proved against him to the satisfaction of the Medical Department, he be removed from his charge on the requisition of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

Provided that on the application of the local authority or Managing Committee of any such institution, the services of a Government medical officer may be lent to such institution subject to the rules laid down in this Manual.

Provided also that no officer of the Government establishment who, on the date when these rules come into force, is holding medical charge of any institution in Class II, shall be removed from his appointment by the local authority, except with the consent of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 10.—In the case of a hospital or dispensary situated at the head-quarters of a sub-division, the services of the Government medical officer in charge of the sub-division will, if the local authority or Managing Committee of the institution so desire it, be made available for the charge of the hospital or dispensary in addition to his other duties, on condition that the proprietors or managers of the dispensary undertake to pay him an additional allowance of Rs. 10 a month if he is a Civil Hospital Assistant, or Rs. 20 a month if he is an Assistant Surgeon. It will be open to them, however, to obtain the services of a medical subordinate of the Government establishment of such higher rank as they may desire, on the payment by them of the full amount by which the authorised pay and allowances of such officer may exceed the amount sanctioned by Government for the medical charge of the sub-division.

RULE 11.—The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals may, at any time, for departmental or other reasons, remove or transfer any Government medical subordinate whose services have been lent to an institution in Classes II or III, and may, with the consent of the local authority or Managing Committee of the institution, appoint another medical subordinate to succeed him. In every such case, except as hereinafter provided, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by Government.

Provided that if any officer is transferred at the request of the local authority or Managing Committee, the transit pay and travelling allowances both of the officer transferred and of his successor shall be entirely paid by the local authority or Managing Committee concerned.

RULE 12.—The pay to which a Government medical subordinate in substantive charge of a hospital or dispensary is entitled, is the pay of his grade in the public service. In the event of his becoming entitled, on promotion, to a higher salary than he has received, the local authority or Managing Committee of a dispensary in Class II or Class III may at their option either (a) retain his services on payment of the higher salary, or (b) apply for the services of another officer of the Government establishment as provided in Rule 9, or (c) appoint their own medical officer, subject to the conditions prescribed in that rule.

RULE 13.—No allowance in excess of the pay to which he is entitled under Rule 12 shall be granted to any officer of the Government establishment for the charge of a hospital or dispensary in Class II or Class IIIB. An officer of the Government establishment in charge of a hospital or dispensary in Class IIIA shall receive such allowances as may be determined by the Managing Committee of the institution.

RULE 14.—Government medical subordinates appointed to the charge of a hospital or dispensary under these rules will retain their right to pension, but the amount of pension of each officer will be determined by the salary to which he may be entitled by his grade in the Government service, without reference to any additional allowances paid to him by the managers of the hospital or dispensary under the second clause of the last preceding rule.

RULE 15.—Government medical subordinates in charge of hospitals or dispensaries in Classes II and III are entitled to leave under the rules of the Civil Leave Code. All applications for leave shall be submitted through the local authority or Managing Committee and the Civil Surgeon of the district to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, who alone is authorised to grant the leave. The travelling allowances and transit pay of a *locum tenens* under this rule shall be paid by Government.

The leave pay of an officer proceeding on privilege leave will be borne by the local authority or Managing Committee of the dispensary. In all other cases the leave pay of the officer will be paid by Government.

RULE 16.—Medical officers in charge of hospitals or dispensaries in Class II or Class III, who are not in Government service, shall be entitled to such leave as the local authority or Managing Committee may grant; provided that in the case of an institution in Class II, if rules for the grant of leave have been framed by the local authority concerned, leave shall only be granted in accordance with such rules. The local authority or Managing Committee shall provide for any expenditure that may be incurred on account of the pay of the medical officer while on leave, and the pay and travelling allowances, if any, of his *locum tenens*.

RULE 17.—The salaries or part salaries of Government medical subordinates, which are due from hospitals or dispensaries, must be paid for each month on or before the 15th day of the following month. If payment is not made as above, the Magistrate of the district is authorised to advance the amount due, and will be responsible for its prompt recovery.

MEDICAL STORES.

RULE 18.—Hospitals and dispensaries which pay for their own medicines and instruments shall have the option of obtaining them either from the Government stores or from private vendors approved by the Civil Surgeon; provided that a dispensary previously supplied by private vendors cannot indent on the Government stores without the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. In either case the indents of the medical officer must be checked by the Civil Surgeon.

RULE 19.—Medical stores will be supplied to dispensaries from the Government Medical Store Department at cost price;* but the supply of medicines will ordinarily be confined to the articles specified in the list given in Appendix E, and it will be in the discretion of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals to sanction or disallow any demand.

* Cost price includes the percentage fixed from time to time by Government to cover expenditure on supervision and other charges of the Medical Store Department.

RULE 20.—Medical stores, if required from the Medical Store Department, must be indented for annually, and the annual indent must be submitted on the date fixed by the Civil Surgeon to enable him to submit the combined indent for his district on the date appointed by Government. Indents delayed beyond the date fixed will not be passed for supply from the Government stores.

RULE 21.—Payments due to the Medical Store Department for medical stores must be made within a month of the receipt of the account at the hospital or dispensary.

MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION.

RULE 22.—The management of hospitals and dispensaries under these rules shall be vested as follows:—

If the institution is in—

- (a) Class I—in such officer, person or persons as Government may direct.
- (b) Class II—in the local authority, or any Managing Committee appointed by it. Such Committee may include persons who are not members of the local authority, and shall exercise its powers subject to the directions of the local authority by whom it was appointed.
- (c) Class III—in a manager or Managing Committee to be appointed by the Commissioner; provided that no Committee shall be appointed for any institution in Class IIIA, unless the proprietors or chief supporters apply for such appointment.

RULE 23.—When Managing Committees are appointed, in cases (b) and (c) of Rule 22, the names of the members shall be published by the Commissioner in the *Calcutta Gazette*. The Committee shall elect two of their number to be Chairman and Vice-Chairman respectively, and may also elect another of their number as Secretary.

RULE 24.—The Managing Committee shall meet at least once a quarter, and shall scrutinize the accounts and enquire into all matters affecting the welfare of the institution. They shall examine and pass the monthly accounts, and shall keep a minute-book in which their proceedings shall be recorded.

RULE 25.—The Managing Committee shall be responsible for the management of the funds of the institution. It shall be their duty to see that the guaranteed and promised subscriptions are regularly collected. After defraying the current expenses of the institution, the balance, if any, of the donations and subscriptions realised by the Committee shall be deposited by them in the Post Office Savings Bank. When the amount at credit of the dispensary is Rs. 3,000, the Comptroller-General should ordinarily be asked to invest the whole or a part of it in Government securities. No other mode of investment will be allowed without the previous sanction of Government.

RULE 26.—The Secretary shall keep the accounts of all funded and other property belonging to the institution. He shall receive from the medical officer in charge a monthly account of the receipts and disbursements, and shall examine and countersign all the establishment pay and contingent bills of the institution. He shall, at the end of each month, prepare a statement of the accounts, which he shall submit to the Committee at their next meeting.

RULE 27.—In the case of institutions in Class II, all subscriptions, donations, and the interest on endowments shall be credited to the local fund, but a separate account of dispensary receipts and expenditure shall be kept. The endowments and other invested funds of such institutions shall be held in the custody of the Comptroller-General apart from the assets of the local fund. The securities shall not be sold, and these invested funds shall not be appropriated or used in any way without the sanction of Government.

RULE 28.—The Civil Surgeon shall be the visiting Superintendent of every hospital and dispensary in his district which is classified under these rules.

RULE 29.—The Superintendent shall scrutinize the expenditure and accounts of every hospital or dispensary in his district, and shall call the attention of the Managing Committee to any irregularity or other circumstance which in his opinion deserves notice.

The Managing Committee shall be bound to consider any communication from the Superintendent, to afford him full information as to the conduct of the medical officer in charge, and all other matters affecting the welfare of the sick and the management of the institution.

If any difference of opinion arises between the Superintendent and the Managing Committee regarding any non-professional matter affecting the management of the institution, a reference shall be made through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the Division, and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

RULE 30.—The Superintendent shall visit each dispensary in his district not less than twice annually, and shall prepare and submit promptly to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals inspection reports in Form No. XVI given in Appendix B.

RULE 31.—The Superintendent shall furnish an annual report of the working of the hospitals and dispensaries in his district to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, according to the scheme given in Appendix C, and annual returns in accordance with the forms annexed.

RULE 32.—The Managing Committee of every hospital or dispensary shall cause to be kept at the institution—

- (a) A record of the work done, showing day by day the number of patients treated, the affections for which they were treated, and, in important cases, some account of the symptoms; the treatment, progress, and the result.
- (b) A record of the accounts of the institution.

These shall be written up daily by the medical officer in charge, and shall be open at all times to the inspection of inspecting officers.

The medical officer shall write up all other books and records prescribed under these rules or otherwise; and in any case in which this is not done, the reasons should be stated in the inspection report of the Superintendent.

RULE 33.—An extract from the proceedings of each meeting of the Managing Committee shall be promptly forwarded to the Superintendent, who may, if he thinks fit, and shall if the Managing Committee so desire, submit it with his remarks to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 34.—A Visitors' book shall be kept in every hospital and dispensary, in which will be recorded the remarks of visitors. A copy of these remarks shall be forwarded, on the day of entry, to the Superintendent, who will, if necessary, transmit it with his remarks to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals within three days of its receipt in his office.

GENERAL.

RULE 35.—The medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary is responsible for the proper treatment of the sick, and this duty shall not on any account be delegated to a subordinate; he is also responsible for all matters connected with the comfort and well-being of the patients, and for the proper working of the dispensary establishment.

RULE 36.—The Managing Committee shall prescribe the hours of attendance (which shall not be less than four hours in the morning and two hours in the afternoon) within which the medical officer must be present at the dispensary. He must also give attention to urgent cases at other hours.

The hours of attendance shall be clearly stated in a notice posted in some conspicuous part of the dispensary.

RULE 37.—Any person attending at a charitable dispensary is entitled to receive advice free of charge; but the medical officer may exercise his discretion in refusing to supply medicines in ordinary cases where the person is not poor. Medicines should never be refused to any urgent or dangerous case attending the dispensary. The medical officer refusing to give medicines gratis shall promptly report the facts to the Superintendent and the Managing Committee.

RULE 38.—No medicines may be issued from the dispensary stock to any one who does not receive treatment at the dispensary either as an in-door or out-door patient.

RULE 39.—In no case shall any money payment be received from any person attending the dispensary. Provided that where special accommodation has been provided for paying patients, fees shall be levied according to a scale previously sanctioned in that behalf by the Managing Committee.

RULE 40.—The medical officer in charge of a dispensary has the privilege of engaging in private practice, provided it does not interfere with his attendance at the dispensary during the hours prescribed under Rule 36, or in any other way with his dispensary work. The Managing Committee may, with the sanction of the Superintendent, make rules for the attendance, gratuitously or otherwise, of the medical officer on persons in their own homes who are unable by reason of sickness to attend the dispensary.

Provided that a medical officer who is on the Government establishment is bound to attend gratuitously all persons who, under the orders of Government, are entitled to such gratuitous attendance at their own homes.

RULE 41.—No medical officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary shall have any interest in a private dispensary or druggist's shop.

RULE 42.—When accommodation is provided for the medical officer in or near the dispensary, he must live in the residence provided for him.

RULE 14.—In dispensaries in which there are house-patients, a bed-head ticket in the prescribed form shall be hung over the bed of each in-patient.

RULE 44.—Medicines and instruments shall be kept under lock and key, except small quantities of the articles in daily use during the attendance of patients.

RULE 45.—Poisons must be kept under separate lock and key.

RULE 46.—No building for the location of a dispensary or hospital in Class II, and no extension to such building, shall be constructed, by the local authority until the plan and estimate of such building or extension shall have been approved by the Civil Surgeon, or if the work is estimated to cost more than Rs. 1,000, by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

RULE 47.—In the case of institutions in Class II or Class III, repairs to the dispensary buildings shall be executed by, and be chargeable to, the local authority or Managing Committee as the case may be.

RULE 48.—Menial servants will be appointed and discharged by the Managing Committee of the institution. Compounders and dressers will also be appointed and be liable to removal by the Managing Committee, subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

RULE 49.—Dispensary servants must not be employed in the private service of the medical officer.

RULE 50.—The employment of apprentices is prohibited.

BOOKS AND FORMS.

RULE 51.—The following books and forms are required to be kept up at hospitals and dispensaries brought under these rules :—

(1)—Diary and register of in-door patient (Appendix B, form I).

In large hospitals it may also be convenient to keep a separate register of major operations: this should be kept in the following form:—

Register of Major operations.

[illegible]

- (2)—Bed-head ticket (form II). This should be written up daily and be filed, so as to preserve a concise history of the case and treatment. It is advisable also to keep a case-book for recording all special or important cases.
- (3)—Register of out-patients (form III).
- (4)—Ticket for out-door patients (form IV).
- (5)—Monthly return of in and out-patients (form V). This should be prepared and submitted to the Civil Surgeon soon after the close of the month, and a copy should be kept in a book for the more easy and accurate preparation of the annual return.
- (6)—A season register of vaccination for use in dispensaries to which vaccinators are attached. The form can be obtained from the Superintendent.
- (7)—Annual return and report of vaccination. In duplicate; one copy to be filed, and the other to be submitted to the Superintendent, who will draw up a "general" return and report (in similar form) of the operations performed in all the dispensaries under his superintendence, and submit them, through the prescribed channel, to the office of the Sanitary Commissioner, the individual dispensary returns being filed in his own office.
- (8)—Monthly bills in detail of establishment, diet, and contingencies (form VI) to be prepared by the medical officer in charge, and examined and countersigned by the Secretary for payment. These bills are then to be sent to the committee or district officer, as the case may be, for payment. In all cases in which there is a grant from Government for establishment, diet or any other charge, the bills of such expenditure are to be kept separate from the private accounts of the charity.
- (9)—A bill-book for copies of all the dispensary bills.
- (10)—A monthly statement of accounts (form VII, Parts I and II) to be submitted in duplicate monthly to the Superintendent, who will send one copy to the Magistrate, and keep one for record. A copy of this is to be kept in the bill-book (9), and laid before the committee at their monthly meetings. This rule applies only to dispensaries in classes II and III.
- (11)—A daily account or cash-book, showing actual receipts and expenditure in detail. This is to be kept at the dispensary, and the account totalled up at the end of each month.
- (12)—A diet-book (in form VIII). This is required only in dispensaries in which there are in-patients.
- (13)—Monthly return of medical subordinates and hospital servants, including acquittance roll (form IX), to be sent monthly to the Superintendent.
- (14)—A subscription and donation book. This should be in form X, and should be kept up by the Secretary.
- (15)—A nominal disposition roll of subordinate medical officers, Assistant Surgeons, and Civil Hospital Assistants (form XI) to be submitted to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals quarterly. This is to be prepared by the Civil Surgeon, and to include all medical subordinates serving under him. The report regarding the qualifications of the medical officers is to be treated as confidential, and is not to be filed in the Civil Surgeon's office.
- (16)—Annual indent for European medicines and instruments (form XII), to be prepared on the printed form and submitted in duplicate.
- (17)—Annual indent for forms to be prepared on the printed form (form XIII), and to be submitted in quadruplicate.
- (18)—Annual return (form XIV). The annual return is to be sent through superintendents direct to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. The summary report of the Civil Surgeon should be prepared in accordance with the scheme laid down in Appendix C, and be submitted through the Civil authorities. The medical officer of a dispensary is expected to draw up his report in English, but when he is unable to do so, he should prepare it in the vernacular, and it must be translated in the office of the Superintendent.
- (19)—Operations are to be entered in accordance with the list in form XV.
- (20)—For a visitors' book, a simple blank book will suffice.
- (21)—Inspection reports of Civil Surgeons should be submitted according to form No. XVI.
- (22)—A book for copies of certificates given in police and medico-legal cases (form XVII).
- (23)—A blank book for records of *post-mortem* examinations, medico-legal or otherwise, and for keeping detailed records of wounds or other police cases. Instead of a book being kept up, a copy of form No. XVIII, which is to be used when despatching viscera to the Chemical Examiner, may be filed as a record of medico-legal *post-mortem* examinations.
- (24)—Blank book for copies of all letters and circulars received and forwarded.
- (25)—A property book should be kept up at all dispensaries.
- (26)—A book-cover for filing all circulars and other letters.
- (27)—A book for copying all letters despatched.
- (28)—A committee-book, for recording the proceedings of each meeting of the dispensary committee.
- (29)—A stock ledger of medicines (form XIX).

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A—FORM OF GAURANTEE.

Know all men by these presents that We
are held and firmly bound to the Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of one thousand rupees
to be paid to him his successors or assigns, for which payment to be well and truly made we bind ourselves
and each of us and the heirs executors administrators and representatives of us and each of us and of very
of them jointly and severally firmly by these presents sealed with our seals dated this
day of one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas a dispensary has been established at
and the Government of Bengal has been requested to aid the same as a Dispensary of the class pur-
suant to the revised rules for the grant of Government aid to Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in the
Lower Provinces of Bengal which the said Government of Bengal has consented to do upon security being
given that the local income from private subscriptions of the said Dispensary shall amount to not less than

rupees per mensem and the above bounden
thereupon agreed to execute the above written Bond or Obligation subject to the condition hereafter con-
tained. Now the condition of the above written Bond or Obligation is such that if the local income from
private subscriptions of the said Dispensary shall amount to not less than the sum of rupees
per mensem or if in case the said local income shall be less than that sum the above bounden

or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives do and shall monthly
and every month pay to the Committee of Management or Treasurer or other officers or officer of the said
Dispensary for the time being authorized to receive the income thereof such a sum of money as with the said
private subscriptions will cause the said local income to amount to not less than the sum of
rupees per mensem and if the said

or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives do and shall from
time to time and at all times hereafter save harmless and keep indemnified the said Secretary of State for
India in Council and his successors and assigns and his and their officers and servants and their and every
of their estate and effects whatsoever from and against all losses and expenses which shall or may be paid,
suffered sustained or incurred by him or them for or by reason or on account of any deficiency or falling
off of the said local income of the said Dispensary whereby it shall be reduced below the monthly sum of
rupees: Then the above written Bond or
Obligation shall be void otherwise the same shall be and remain in full force and virtue.

Provided that the above bounden
or one of them their or one of their heirs executors administrators or representatives desiring at any time
hereafter to be released from the above written Bond or Obligation may with the consent of the Government
of Bengal withdraw on giving notice of such desire to the said Government of Bengal through the local
Magistrate or Commissioner and to other parties to this Bond (if any) three months before hand.

APPENDIX B.

FORMS OF REGISTERS, RETURNS, &c.

FORM I.

Diary of House Patients treated in the

Dispensary.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Year, month, and day.	Yearly number.	NAME OR NUMBER.	Age.	Caste.	Sex.	Occupation.	Residence.	Disease.	Duration of disease.	Remaining.	New cases admitted.	Total treated.	DISCHARGED.			Died.	Remaining under treatment.
													Cured.	Relieved.	Otherwise.		
1881.																	
Jan. 1st ...	.....	903 of 7-8-80	...	...	...	.....	.....	Cancer ... 44	1 year ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	1-1-81	.....
" "	.....	970 of 13-10-80	...	...	...	.....	.....	Diabetes ... 52	6 months ...	1	...	...	1-181	...	...	.....	.....
" "	.....	1000 of 20-11-80	...	...	...	.....	.....	Rheumatism ... 37	7 days ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1
" "	.....	1100 of 19-12-80	...	...	...	.....	.....	Epilepsy ... 93	Congenital ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1
" "	1	Hurree Dass	20	H.	M.	Writer	Howrah	Diarrhoea ... 484	2 days ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1
" "	2	Ameerudeen	60	H.	M.	Coolie	Ooterpara	Dysentery ... 466	10 days ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1
" "	3	Mary	31	Eu.	F.	Ayah	Hooghly	Fever ...	3 days ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1
* Total ...									.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Jan. 2nd ...	4	Kaminee	8	H.	M.	.....	Rampore	Mumps ... 21	2 days ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
" "	5 P.	Ramdeen	25	H.	M.	Bearer	Ballygunge	Fracture ... 1101	2 hours ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
" "	.....	1000 of 20-11-80	...	...	...	.....	.....	Rheumatism ...	.....	...	...	...	2-1-81	...	...	.....	.....
" "	6	Shama Churn	18	H.	M.	Shopman	Ashowra	Snake-bite ... 985, A1	20 Minutes ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
Total ...									.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
Dec. 31st ...	5016	Rampersad	40	H.	M.	Servant	Nauda	Privation ... 966	1 week ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
" "	.....	4221 of 9-10-81	...	...	...	.....	.....	Dysentery ...	.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	31-12-81	.....
" "	6017	Nusidun	30	M.	F.	Ayah	Odpore	Debility ... 905-15	1 month ...	1	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....
Total ...									.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....

DIRECTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS.

Col. 2.—The yearly numbers commence with the first new case admitted in the year and proceed regularly through the 12 months, the last number thus recording the number of admissions in the year and corresponding with the total of Col. 12.

N. B.—The monthly aggregate of the daily total numbers treated divided by the number of days in the month gives the "averaged daily sick" required for the monthly Return.

Col. 3.—All the cases remaining at the end of a year are to be entered on the following 1st January by the previous year's yearly number and monthly date. Such cases and cases remaining from day to day, will only re-appear on the date on which their result is recorded. Besides being recorded on the day of its occurrence, the result should also be noted (in red ink or in brackets) opposite the original entry.

Col. 5.—Hindoo, H.; Mussulman, M.; European, En.; Eurasian, En.; Native Christian, N. C.; and other Classes, O. C.

Col. 6.—Male, M.; Female, F.; Children to be recorded as such when under 10 years old.

Col. 9.—Diseases, injuries, operations, &c., are only to be denominated by the name and number specified in the official 'Nomenclature,' and no name is over to be used that does not appear in that book.

If variety or sub-division is to be recorded, the letter or figure in the book must follow the number of the main disease.

In the column headed "otherwise" a reference number and foot-note are to be used to indicate the mode of discharge—unrelieved, absconded, removed by friends, &c.

When Police cases are admitted into hospital, they should be distinguished by the letter P being placed after the yearly number, as 5 P on the 2nd January.

FORM No. II.

Bed-head Ticket

Dispensary.

1881.

Disease.		Name, age, caste, and date of admission.		Constitution, and general state on admission.	
Month and Day.	Completed day of disease.	Symptoms and particulars of case, with results, &c.		Treatment.	Diet.

REMARKS.—This ticket to be hung up above the bed of every in-patient and framed in tin or wood. It takes the place of a case-book, and full details of symptom progress, and treatment are to be recorded.

On the termination of each case the ticket is to be filed; the tickets of one year are to be kept together as a record, arranged in regular order by date of admission and month; and additional ticket can be used for a patient when one is not sufficient.

FORM No. III.

Daily Register of Out-Patients treated in the

Dispensary.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Year, month, and day.	REGISTER Number.		NAME OR NUMBER.	Age.	Caste or class.	Sex.	Attended personally.	by Represented friends.	Disease.	Treatment.	Result.
	Yearly.	Daily.									
1881.											
1st January	...	...	370 of 8-8-80	...	...	...	...	...	Diarrhoea ...	...	Reported well.
"	...	...	456 of 3-10-80	...	...	...	...	...	Fever	...	Discharged otherwise
"	...	1	Mohun	25	H.	M.	...	1	Bronchitis	...	(not heard of for 10 days.)
"	...	2	Soornah	5	H.	F.	...	1	Opthalmia	...	
"	...	3	Rambux	30	M.	M.	1	...	Diarrhoea	...	
"	...	4	Ameerun	16	M.	F.	1	...	Inf. of breast	...	
Total	4	4					2	2			1 cured. 1 discharged otherwise.
2nd January	5	1	Keshub	43	H.	M.	1	...	Rheumatism	...	Recovered (reported well).
"	6	2	520 of 15-12-80	...	...	...	...	...	Splenitis	...	
"	7	3	Poorneah	50	M.	F.	1	...	Leprosy	...	
"	8	4	Issur Chund	7	H.	M.	1	...	Cancerum Oris	...	
"	9P.	5	Prem Chund	35	H.	M.	1	...	Dyspepsia	...	
"	10	6	Koostum	25	M.	M.	1	...	Dislocation	...	
"	11	7	John Wilson	60	Eu.	M.	...	1	Debility	...	
"			Jacob Bright	26	O.C.	M.	1	...	Caries of teeth	...	
Total	7	7					6	1			1 Cured.
31st December	2555	1	Saroda	20	H.	M.	1	...	Synovitis	...	Recovered.
"	2556	2	Bunnoo	29	M.	F.	1	...	Contusion	...	(Died ceased to attend.)
"	2557	3	Mokund	9	H.	M.	1	...	Scrofula	...	
"	...	4	2340 of 23-12-81	...	...	...	1	...	Tabes Mesenterica	...	
"	...	...	2001 of 30-11-81	...	...	...	...	...	Fever	...	
"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Caries	...	
Total	3	4					4	...			1 cured, 1 died.

Column 2.—The yearly numbers begin with the first new case attending for treatment in the year, and as they proceed through the year the last number will show the total number of new cases registered.

Column 4.—New cases only to be entered by name; all others by the yearly number and date of first visit.

FORM No. IV.

TICKET FOR OUT-DOOR PATIENTS.

DISPENSARY AT _____		
Date of first visit.	Yearly number.	Disease.
Return visit.		
Result.		

This ticket to be given to every new case attending.

Symptoms and treatment are not to be recorded; these are entered in the daily register.

Patients should be directed to bring their tickets whenever they attend. The date of return visit for treatment is to be recorded; also the date of final result.

Tickets should be filed on the completion of the case. Should a ticket not be produced by a patient, his case should receive attention, but he should be warned to bring the ticket on the next visit.

*Monthly Return of In and Out-Patients treated in the Dispensary at _____ during
the month of _____ 188 .*

Showing the Sex and Class of the Patients treated.

[illegible]

FORM No. VI.

Bill for Bazar Medicines, Diet, and Contingencies of the

Dispensary for the month of

188

ARTICLES.	Quantity supplied.			Rate per rupee.			Amount.			TOTAL.		
	Seers.	Chs.	Tolabs.	Seers.	Chs.	Tolabs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Bazar Medicines.</i>												
Flour for poultices ...	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0
&c., &c.												
<i>Diet.</i>												
Rice ...	45	0	0	15	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
&c., &c.												
<i>Contingencies.</i>												
Oil for lamp ...	4	8	0	3	0	0	1	8	0	1	8	0
&c., &c.												
Total ...										4	12	0

Pay of Hospital Subordinates and Servants for the month of

188

No.	Designation.	Rate per month.	Amount.			TOTAL.		
			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Compounder ...	9	9	0	0	17	0	0
	Dresser ...	8	8	0	0			
	&c., &c.							
	Total ...					17	0	0

Abstract of Bill.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment ...	17	0	0			
Bazar medicines ...	0	4	0			
Diet ...	3	0	0			
Contingencies ...	1	8	0	21	12	0
&c., &c.						
Total ...				21	12	0
Daily average of sick dieted ...						

Secretary to Committee.

In Medical Charge.

Showing the current Income and Expenditure of the Dispensary, for the month of

188 .

1	NAME OF DISPENSARY.	INCOME.											EXPENDITURE.								4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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Cash balance on the first of the month.		FROM GOVERNMENT.						From district funds.					From other local funds.		Interest on investments.		Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.		SUBSCRIPTIONS.		Total.		On salaries.		As registers and forms.		As European medicines.		For diet of police cases.		Sale of medicines.		Special allowance given by Government.		Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
																			From Europeans.		From Natives.		Total.												On establishment.		On bazar medicines.		On European medicines whether from Government store or purchased.		On diet.		On miscellaneous charges.		On building repairs.		Invested during the year.		Total expenditure during the year.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													

FORM No. VIII.

Daly register of dieting House Patients treated in

Dispensary for the month of

188

DATE.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of patients dieted ...							
Ditto relatives dieted ...							
Ditto Police cases dieted ...							&c.
Ditto patients not dieted ...							

Class of Diet.

Number of Full diets ...							
Ditto Half diets ...							
Ditto Milk diets ...							&c.
Ditto Spoon diets ...							
(Vide) Appendix D ...							

ARTICLES.	Seers.	Chutacks.	Seers.	Chutacks.	Seers.	Chutacks.	Seers.	Chutacks.
Rice ...								
Dal ...								
Fish ...								
Vegetables ...								
Salt ...								
Oil ...								&c.
Mussala ...								
Fuel ...								
Milk ...								
Sago ...								
Raw Sugar ...								
&c., &c.								

FORM No. X.

No. _____

DISPENSARY AT _____

Date _____

RECEIVED from _____

the sum of Rs. _____

being the amount of his _____

for the month of _____

18 .

No. _____

DISPENSARY AT _____

Date _____

RECEIVED from _____

the sum of Rs. _____, being the amount of his

_____ for the month of _____

18 .

(Signature.)

FORM No. XIII.
INDENT FOR MEDICAL FORMS.

Indent on the Government Stationery Office for Medical Forms for the period from 1st
188 for of

188 to 31st

This form to be carefully filled up by the Indenting Officer, specifying the route and mode of carriage by which the forms are to be sent.

To the

of

at

Care of

To be forwarded by

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number by which the forms will be indicated in future indent.	Description of Forms.	Balance in hand on 1st last year.	Number received during the year.	Consumption of last twelve months.	Number in hand this day.	Quantity now indented for.	Quantity allowed.	Quantity supplied.	Remarks by the indenting officer.
	Books.								
1 B. M. D.	Diary of house-patients ...								
2 Do.	Register of out-patients ...								
3 Do.	Receipt (counterfoil book) for subscriptions ...								
4 Do.	Certificate of police cases (counterfoil book) ...								
5 Do.	Daily register of dieting house-patient ...								
	FORMS.								
6 Do.	Bed-head tickets ...								
6a Do.	Ditto ditto, small size ...								
7 Do.	Ticket for out-door patients ...								
7a Do.	Ditto ditto, (small size for dispensary use) ...								
8 Do.	Monthly return of medical and all establishments (counterfoil) ...								
9 Do.	Monthly statement of receipts and expenditure ...								
10 Do.	Half-yearly return of surgical instruments, &c. ...								
11 Do.	Indent for Europe medicines, &c. ...								
11a Do.	Ditto ditto (Dispensary) ...								
11b Do.	Ditto forms for forms { Medical, &c A. G. B. ...								
12 Do.	Post-mortem examination (English and Bengali) ...								

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number by which the forms will be indicated in future indent.	Description of Forms.	Balance in hand on 1st last year	Number received during the year.	Consumption of last twelve months.	Number in hand this day.	Quantity now indented for.	Quantity allowed.	Quantity supplied.	Remarks by the indenting officer.
12 B. M. D.	Post-mortem examination (English and Urdu)								
13 Do.	Annual return of Dispensaries ...								
14 Do.	Monthly return of ditto ...								
15 Do.	Inspection report of Dispensaries ..								
16 Do.	Quarterly return of Assistant Surgeons and Civil Hospital Assistants ...								
Do.	Quarterly return of the Apothecary class								
18 Do	Ditto of the Uncovenanted Medical Officers								
19 Do.	Poison labels								

NOTE.—This indent should be submitted through the head of the department in the month of November

RECEIVED

DESPATCHED

Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

In Medical Charge.

FORM No. XV.

MAJOR.

MINOR.

OPERATIONS ON THE EYE AND ITS APPENDAGES.

Operations on the Eye-ball.

Artificial pupil.
 Iridectomy.
 Solution of the lens.
 Depression of the lens.
 Extraction of the lens.
 Extraction of the opaque capsule.
 Extraction of foreign bodies.
 Laceration of opaque capsule.
 Puncture of the globe.
 Staphyloma.
 Excision of the eye-ball—
 (a) Partial.
 (b) Total.
 (c) With the rest of the contents of the orbit.
 Removal of tumours from the neighbourhood of the eye if large, or deeply or dangerously situated.

Operations on the Eye-lids.

For entropium.
 „ ectropium.
 „ symblepharon and ankyloblepharon.
 „ trichiasis.
 „ tumour.
Operation on the other Appendages of the Eye.
 For strabismus.
 „ pterygium.
 „ fistula lachrymal and lachrymal obstruction.
 disease of the lachrymal gland.
 Removal of tumours from the neighbourhood of the eye if small, and not deeply or dangerously situated.

Operations on Arteries.

Ligature.
 Acupressure of the main artery of a limb.

Temporary constriction.
 Acupressure of arteries smaller than the radial.

Operations on Aneurism.

All operations on aneurisms.

Operations on Veins.

Obliteration of varicose veins.
 Ditto varicocele.

Operations for Hæmorrhage.

Plugging of the nostrils.
 Ditto ditto vagina.
 Ditto ditto rectum.

Operations on Joints.

Reduction of dislocations.
 Extension of stiff and deformed joints.
 Incision of joints.
 Excision ditto
 Removal of loose bodies.

Operations on Bones.

Excision of bones.
 Operations for ununited fracture.
 Refractures of bones.

Excision of an ungual phalanx of a finger or toe.

Amputations.

All amputations, excepting those of the 2nd or third phalanges of the toes and fingers.

Amputations of the 2nd or 3rd phalanges of the toes or fingers.

Removal of Tumours.

All other tumours.

Innocent tumours not larger than a walnut, and not extending beneath the superficial structures.

Removal of Foreign Bodies.

Loose cartilages.
 Balls or other substances located beneath the superficial structures.

Balls or other substances impacted in superficial structures.

Removal of Calculi.

Biliary } by any method.
 Vesical }

Salivary.
 Urithral calculi not requiring a cutting operation.

FORM NO. XV—*concluded.**Incisions.*

MAJOR.

Laryngotomy.
 Tracheotomy.
 Neurotomy.
 Removal of foreign bodies from the windpipe.
 Esophagotomy.
 Gastrotomy.
 Abdominal section.
 Colotomy.
 For hernia.
 Colotomy for strangulation.
 Ditto radical cure.
 Perineal section.
 Ovariectomy.
 Cæsarean operation.
 Removal of foetal remains.
 Internal urethrotomy.
 Myotomy.
 For large abscesses or those in important regions or dangerous neighbourhoods.

MINOR.

Fistula in ano.
 For anal fissure.
 „ ulcer of the rectum.
 „ small abscesses.
 „ boils.
 „ carbuncles.

Reparative Operations.

Abdominal fistula.
 For cicatrices.
 Perineal rupture.
 Protrusion of the tubuli or fungus testis.
 Recto-urethral fistula.
 Ditto vaginal ditto.
 Utero-vesical ditto.
 Hare-lip.
 Cleft palate.
 Epispadias.
 Hypospadias.

For chronic ulcer (including skin grafting).
 Phymosis.

Operations not classified.

Paracentesis of the head, chest, or abdomen.
 Ditto ditto bladder.
 Transfusion.
 Scrotal tumour.
 Internal piles.
 Operations for conjoined fingers or toes if complete.
 Elephantiasis of the scrotum.
 Ditto ditto female genitals.

Paracentesis of hydrocele.
 Ditto fluid tumour not located in either of the great cavities.
 Artificial respiration.
 Resuscitation of drowned persons.
 Ditto ditto hanged.
 Operations for conjoined fingers or toes if partial.
 Removal of foreign bodies from the ear, nose, or other cavities not requiring incisions.
 Excision of external piles.
 Ditto of warts.
 Extraction of teeth.

FORM No. XVI.

Inspection Report of _____ *Dispensary by the*
Civil Surgeon of _____

(STATION AND DATE.)

Date of inspection,

Time of inspection from _____ o'clock _____ M. to _____ o'clock _____ M.

General appearance of dispensary and surroundings,

Number of house-patients on previous day,

Number of out-door patients on previous day,

Daily average of previous year ... { House patients,
Out-patients,

State how average attendance of out-patients has been reckoned, *i.e.*, whether it represents the actual number of attendances or the number of days for which the medicines were supplied.

How many out-door patients did you see in attendance during the time of your inspection?

Number of operations last month and their nature,

Are there any cases of operation in the dispensary on day of inspection?

Have you compared the stock of medicines with last indent?

If so, are there any discrepancies?

Are the medicines well kept and sufficient in quantity?

Are the poisons kept separately under lock and key?

Are bazar medicines extensively used?

Which are used as antiperiodics?

Are the instruments well kept, clean, sharp, and free of rust?

Are the tables clean, especially the compounding table?

Are the mortars, slabs, spatulas, &c., clean and serviceable?

Are the scales and weights clean and in proper order?

Are the scales properly balanced?

Are any grain weights deficient. If so, who lost them?

How many blankets are there for house-patients?

How many cots are there?

How often does the Committee meet?

How many meetings were there last year?

On what date was the last meeting of the Committee held?

What is the guaranteed income of the dispensary?

What sum was collected last year?

What sum was collected last month?

What is the amount of subscriptions in arrear?

Are the records kept up by the medical subordinate in charge of the dispensary in his own handwriting?

Especially, are all parts of the register of out-patients in his own writing?

Does he appear to be interested in his work?

Do the people of the place appear to like him?

Does he keep up his knowledge of medicine and surgery (which can be tested by asking him questions)?

Does the compounder know the composition and doses of the drugs most used?

What did each patient cost for diet last month?

What was the average cost of extras?

What wines or spirits (if any) are used?

Judging from the copies of Police *post-mortem* reports, does he appear to be well-informed in medical Jurisprudence?

Establishment attached to the dispensary, and the designation and pay of each member?

Muster the establishment and state whether all were present.